

German governors beat off challenge

BONN (AP) — Two strong governors — one from Chancellor Helmol Kohl's party and the other an opposition Social Democrat — flattened the competition in state elections Sunday in eastern Germany. Kurt Biedenkopf of Saxony and Manfred Stolpe of Brandenburg each won more than 50 per cent of the vote, according to Exit polls. Mr. Biedenkopf is a leader of Mr. Kohl's Christian Democratic Union, and Mr. Stolpe is from the Liberal Social Democratic Socialism or PDS, won about 18 per cent in Social Democrats. The former East German communists of the Party of Democratic Socialism, or PDS, won about 18 per cent in Brandenburg and 15 per cent in Saxony, according to the polls conducted by the Infas institute. The result placed the PDS third in both states. The Free Democrats, junior coalition partners in Mr. Kohl's federal coalition, did not win the five per cent necessary to return to the legislature of either state, according to Infas. The pro-business Free Democrats were earlier voted out of the state legislatures of Hamburg, Saxony-Anhalt and Lower Saxony

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Christopher: Haiti diplomatic bids

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. efforts to oust the military regime in Haiti, hinting that an invasion is getting closer.
"There comes a time when we have to use military force and President Clinton will explain carefully and fully to the American people wbat the reasons are and I bope and believe we will bave their support at that point, if it comes to that," Mr. Christ-opher said on NBC television's "Meet the Press" programme. "We have exhausted every diplomatic en-deavour." (see inside for related story).

'Israel proposed to assassinate Khomeini'

WASHINGTON (AFP) -Israel proposed in 1985 to assassinate Iran's Ayatollah Rehollah Khomeini but was rebuffed by Washington, a security aide to former U.S. President Ronald Reagan says in a new book. The book by former National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane said an Israeli foreign ministry official proposed poisoning the Iranian spiritual leader in an effort to help moderates in Tehran, the Washington Post reported. The book, "Special Trust," says the Israeli official, David Kimche, made the proposal at a meeting July 3, 1985. Mr. McFariane wrote that he told Mr. Kimche that the U.S. government would not participate in any assassination

Guatemala to move embassy to Jerusalem

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OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) - Guatemala is to transfer its embassy in Israel from Tel Aviv to occupied Jerusalem, a foreign ministry spokesman said bere on Sunday. Boaz Modai said the transfer, announced on Thursday in Guatemala by Guatemalan President Ramiro de Leon Carpio, would take place "very soon." After Israel seized East Jerusalem in the 1967 war, 13 countries transferred their embassies from the Holy City to Tel Aviv. In the mid-1980s Costa Rica and El Salvador moved their embassies back to occupied Jeru-

Kurdish groups take steps to restore peace

PENJWIN (AFP) - Rival Kurdish factions in northern lraq have taken steps to restore peace after scores of people died in bitter fighting last month, Kurdistan officials said here Sunday. Civilians who had fled the battle zone had started returning bome and fighters from the rival Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK), Knrdistan Democratic Party (KDP) and pro-Iranian Kurdistan Islamic League (KIL) had withdrawn from all towns, the officials said. The latest round of fighting erupted a day after a joint appeal for a ceasefire on Aug. 25 by PUK leader Jalal Talabani and his KDP rival Massud Barzani.

Bashir eager to end war in south

KHARTOUM (AFP) — A visiting British member of parliament (MP) said Saturday that Sudanese leader General Omar Hassan Al Bashir told him his government would welcome any initiative to end the war in southern Sudan, Labour MP Bernie Grant is currently leading a Labour Party delegation on a visit to Sudan which he said was aimed at probing prospects for a peace settlement. After meeting the Sudanese president, Mr. Grant told the Sudan News Agency (SUNA) that they had discussed issues relating to peace in Sudan.

Israel hails Assad's Secretary of State Warren Christopher said Sunday the United States has "exhausted" all diplomatic declaration of peace?

Syrian leader's speech in parliament seen as breaking new ground for peace

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel bailed Sunday a speech by Syrian President Hafez Al Assad as a "declaration of peace" and called for a new approach to find an accord with Syria.

"It was a declaration of peace. In previous times we used to hear declarations of war," Foreign Minister Shi-mon Peres told a press con-

"It doesn't mean that the problems between us and Syria are already solved," be said. "If the solution is not clear the air is becoming clearer and I welcome it. The solution does not lie

in the Israeli or Syrian position, but in a third position which should be agreed," be Mr. Peres ran through his-

toric precedents when peace came not from the entrenched positions of warring parties but from "unforeseen" new ideas which demand creativity.

However, he tempered his optimism with an admission that be could not provide a Israel would bave to "pay a price."

Mr. Peres called the press conference to mark the Sept. 13 signing of the declaration of principles for Palestinian autonomy with the Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO). But be focused on Syria, two days after Israel offered a marginal withdrawal from the Golan Heights over a threeyear test period.

Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin said Mr. Assad and Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin were preparing their pubbes for serious negotiations "with a view to signing a peace accord which will require beavy sacrifices on both

Israel's chief negotiator with Syria, Itamar Rabinovich, told the radio: "It is impossible to ignore the fact that Syria is saying it wants total peace.

"Assad does not often talk about peace and the peace process. It's important and positive speech," said Mr. Rabinovich, who is alsb Israel's U.S. ambassador.

It was all enough to worry Jewish settlers on the Golan Heights, seized by Israel in the 1967 war and "annexed" in 1981, who have launched a protest campaign called Force 94 against any "concessions" to Syria.

A small group of settlers went on a bunger strike Sunday at the Golan settlement

Israeli Health Minister Ephraim Sneb, a Labour Party "bawk," was also cautious. 'Assad's speech portends difficult and long negotiations during which Israel will bave to insist on its security interests."

Mr. Assad said Saturday at the opening of parliament in Damascus that he was ready

to fulfil the requirements for

peace in the Middle East. Syria "was aware of the

objective requirements of peace and is ready to conform to the requirements on which an accord will be based. Mr. Assad stressed that Syria "was aware of the im-

guarantees a total retreat." 'We will do our best to allow that hope to flourish." he said, adding that Syria bad informed the U.S. administration of its "willingness" to continue with the peace pro-

portance of a peace which

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopber was expected to visit the region again shortly on another

Syria wants an Israeli pledge for total withdrawal, while Israel wants a Syrian commitment to total peace before detailing the scope of withdrawal.

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa reportedly said in London this week that Syria wanted a "warm peace," once Israe! handed ack all the Golan. And after Mr. Rabin de-

tailed Thursday bis offer of a "marginal" withdrawal over three years, Mr. Sbaraa called for a quick pullout.
"Israel should leave the

Golan within a month," he said, keeping the door open to further negotiations. In bis speech on Saturday, Mr. Assad demanded full

Israeli withdrawal from the

Heights.

"Here we are speaking of a speech that's both important and positive," Mr. Rabinovich told Israeli army radio. Although Mr. Assad fo-

cused on the interests of Syria and Lebanon, Mr. Rabinovich said, it was rare for him to speak in public at all or about peace moves.

"The new development in this speech is that it's first and foremost a speech aimed at preparing public opinion in Syria." said Mr. Rabinovich.

Un Savir, the foreign ministry director-general, said Mr. Christopher would return to the region this month or next to try to broker a breakthrough with Syria. The Americans I met in Washington last week were

overall pretty optimistic it was possible to bridge the more basic Israeli and Syrian positions and reach some sort of agreements that would at least enable .. negotiations at a more senior level," Mr. Savir told army radio. In an interview broadcast

by German radio, Prime Minister Rabin said he believed secret bilateral talks with Syria were the best way to work towards a peace deal. On Saturday night, thousands of Israeli Golan settlers staged a rally, the

first shot in a campaign to block an Israeli withdrawal. Mr. Rabin offered last week a slight pullback on the

(Continued on page 7)

His Rnyal Highness Crown Prince Has- meeting at the Ministry of Justice (Petra san, the Regent, on Sunday chairs a photo)

Regent urges thorough review of laws, crime prevention

AMMAN (Petra) — His enforce the law and ensure Royal Highness Crown citizens respect for it. The Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Sunday called for a thorough and comprehensive review of laws and precautionary measures to prevent crimes and stressed the need to broaden the authorities of provincial governors to enable them to enforce the law and guarantee the citizens' rights to live freely and in

The Crown Prince's call came during a meeting held at the Ministry of Justice. three days after the killing of a woman by a stray bullet fired in a tribal clash in Naour.

Prince Hassan Saturday visited the family of the victim and offered condolences. At Sunday's meeting,

which was attended by Justice Minister Hisham Al Tal, senior ministry officials and heads of courts, the Crown Prince stressed the need to Crown Prince reviewed a number of issues, including shortcomings in observing the laws on crimes and traf-

Mr. Tal said his ministry

bas embarked on a comprehensive legal and judicial study of laws adding that it would coordinate with the Ministry of Interior in all issues dealing with protecting citizens' lives and safeguarding the country's interests.

The minister said the study

would be completed soon, adding that it includes deterrent measures against killing and other crimes.

A new mechanism to enforce the laws in a manner capable of ensuring respect for human rights, and putting an end to all violations of these sacred rights, would be implemented soon, he said.

The ministry will also crystallise a comprehensive national approach based on

Majali reports signs of thaw

coordination and cooperation with the parties concerned to inform people about their rights and duties. The approach, he said, calls for utilising all educational. media, and administrative channels to educate people about their rights and duties.

The meeting was attended by the heads of the Higher Court of Justice, the Court of Appeal, the Criminal Court, the prosecutor general, the Ministry of Justice secretary general, the director of the Public Security Department and commander of the badia and border police depart-

In a related development, the Ministry of Awgaf called on all citizens to stop using arms and to desist from fesove firing during wedding and other social occasions. and to follow Islamic manners and religious teachings in expressing joy and happi-

Self-rule donors to meet in Oslo

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — A meeting of donors for the Palestinians will now be beld Tuesday in Oslo during a visit by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, an Israeli foreign Ministry spokesman said

The talks were postponed in Paris last week after Israel rejected a bid by the PLO delegation to include projects in East Jerusalem, which is not covered by the autonomy

The discussions will resume on Sept. 13," the spokesman told AFP.

"Messrs Arafat and Peres, who will be taking part in an anniversary ceremony for the Oslo agreement, could intervene, possibly to sort out certain points," be added.

The postponed meeting had been organised at the request of the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) to review its budget and aid programmes for the Gaza Strip and West Bank.

"We are not against the principle of foreign investment in East Jerusalem," the spokesman said. "Bnt we refuse to bave these investments made in the framework of international aid pledged to Palestinian autonomy.

Under the declaration of principles for Palestinian autonomy signed in Washington last Sept. 13, the question of the status of Jerusalem will be negotiated only after two

years of self-rule. Mr. Peres and Mr. Arafat are to attend a first anniversary "Shalom-Salaam" peace concert organised by the United Nations and the Norwegian capital where secret talks were held leading to the self-rule agree-

Israeli Finance Minister Avraham Sbobat will discuss economic issues with Mr. Yasser Arafat on Monday, a finance ministry spokesman

Israel and the PLO signed an agreement in Paris in April governing economic relations between the Jewish state and the Palestinian selfrule areas, Gaza and Jericho. The two are also expected to discuss international aid to

Palestinians. Police Minister Moshe Shahal said in an interview published Sunday two Israeli settlers arrested on suspicion of organising a terrorist underground were "on the brink" of attacking Arabs.

Brothers Eitan and Yeho-

daya Kahalani planned an

attack in the Jerusalem area. Mr. Shahal told the daily Haaretz. "Such acts create a cycle of bloodshed where innocent people pay the price," Mr.

In February, a Jewish settler massacred at least 30 Palestinians praying in the West Bank town of Hebron. Six settler leaders were detained without trial in March and six more extremists arrested this month.

telligence reports of plans by extremists to stage attacks at the site of the Hebron massacre when the shrine reopens in mid-October.

Also Snnday, Israel released a Jewish militant jailed without trial following the Hebron massacre for contacts with the anti-Arab Kach and Kahane Lives groups, banned at the same time. However, a military order

occupied Jerusalem for three (Continued on page 7)

bars Baruch Ben-Yosef from

returning to his home in

Cairo forum stalled over 'sex,' 'family'

CAIRO (Agencies) - A U.N. population conference in Cairo stood at deadlock on Sunday as delegates met behind the scenes in a rushed attempt to reconcile Muslim and secular Western views on sexual rights, gender and the

family. The delegates, now in the seventh day of the nine-day meeting, also have to break an impasse between the rich North and the poor South over whether immigrants have an absolute right to bring their families to join

The Vatican waited in the wings, waiting to see the final text of a conference declaration before it assents to a painstakingly crafted paragraph on abortion.

The delegates bave their next formal meeting on Monday morning and time is running to draft a declaration acceptable to as many of the countries as possible.

The outcome will be a programme of action setting policy guidelines which would help hold the world's population to 7.27 billion in the year 2015, up from 5.67 billion today.

The programme puts the emphasis on family planning for all and empowering women through education and social change.

More than 150 national de-

legations bave been taking part, lobbied from the side-lines by non-governmental organisations including radical feminists and anti-abortion activists.
The Varican and its Catholic allies dominated the first

week, holding out against an overwhelming majority in favour of recognising unsafe abortion as a serious public health problem. Now the focus has shifted to the Muslim governments, many of which face domestic

opposition to the liberal con-

cepts and terminologies which pepper the final dec-

laration (see page 2). A working group on the controversial chapter on "reproductive health and rights" has not submitted its recommendations to the main drafting committee, where it could

still run into trouble. The expressions soll in dispute include "marriages and other unions," sexual rights for "couples and individuals" and "various concepts of family." The issue of sexual advice for adolescents also

lnrks in the background. Most of the 3,500 delegates on Sunday took their first rest in a week which ended with the Vacican giving a guarded paragraph on abortion contained in the 113-page draft

But the Holy See said late Friday it was withholding approval until other references to abortion had been debated. The controversy also took a new twist when three American journalists who are pro-life supporters were detained.

The main committee was to reconvene on Monday, while small groups were meeting informally Sunday to tackle outstanding issues, Egyptian officials said.

Many of the delegates from the 182 countries, especially

from developing countries, have voiced frustration at the delays at the expense of the acute problems they face. The Vatican bas been accused of holding the conference hostage, and a group of feminists even circulated a petition calling on the United

nations to exclude the Holy

environment, page 12

levels, he said, the problems The Vancan is not really a are not over with all Gulf state, the petition charged, because it is "only inhabited (Continued on page 7) Scientists issue warning on

in ties with S. Arabia, Kuwait By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali on Sunday urged Arab countries to end their differences so that they can contribute to the shaping of the new regional order that will inevitably engulf the area. If Arab countries fail to reconcile their differences, the new regional order will be imposed on them, Dr. Majali told a press

conference. Reiterating Jordan's position that it welcomes any move towards Arab reconciliation, Dr. Majali said that there were signs that relanons with some Gulf Arab countries were improving.

The prime minister cited the Saudi endorsement of the Jordanian decision to send an ambassador in Riyadh and the warm welcome he said Kuwait awarded a Jordanian Foreign Ministry official last week as indications that relations were improving. However, Dr. Majali said,

Gulf officials say the "problem with Jordan is its media" which "they think the government can control." Dr. Majali said articles that appeared in the Jordanian press about some Gulf coun-

tries have on many occasions undermined efforts to put ries on the right track. "Jordan was pnnished by some Gulf and Western countries" because of its opposition to the war that the allies launched on Iraq after the latter invaded Kuwaii in 1990. While relations with all Western countries bave re-

turned to their pre-Gulf war

Describing relations with Qatar and Oman as excellent, Dr. Majali said des with the United Arab Emirates

"are good," adding that UAE President Sheikh Zaved Ben Sultan Al Nahayan indicated willingness to improve ties with Jordan when they met in Geneva last month though Sheikh Zayed said problems

are soll to be worked out.
"We are not against the Kuwaiti people; nor are we against Kuwait," Dr. Majali told reporters at the Prime Ministry. "We recognise the suffering of the Kuwains just as we do that of the Iraqis."

But the prime minister pointed to the limited role Jordan can play on the Arab scene "because our ability to move is limited. Our re-sources are limited and we engage in poliocs while we are surrounded by four countries which are stronger than us in terms of manpower and resources.

Responding to a question, Dr. Majali said that relacions with Syria "are very good" though the two governments have not been in direct contact over the peace process since Syria's cold reception to the signing of the Washington Declaration on July 25.

Dr. Majali said the King-dom had coordinated its position with other Arab countries to the peace process since it was launched in Madrid, adding that Jordan believes in "a comprehensive soludon" to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

But if they choose not to let Jordan in on developments in their tracks, "we understand" their position, Dr. Majali said.

Dr. Majali expected progress in the Syrian-Israeli negotiations, saving the speech Syrian President Hafez Al Assad delivered in parliament Saturday "included clear indications that a breakthrough is possible." Answering a question about bilateral Jordanian-Israeli talks which resume in Israel today, Dr. Majali said Israel was procrastinating despite its agreement to demarcate its borders with the

Kingdom. He said Israel was also obstructing progress in the water talks by bringing up the issue of the share of the Palestinians in the waters of the Jordan and Yarmouk Rivers which Jordan insists should be distributed in accordance with the conditions that prevailed in 1948.

Difficulty is also expected in talks over occupied Jordanian areas near the Dead Sea where both the Kingdom and Israel are mining potash. The issue here is difficult and Jordan will not settle it (without a price)." the prime minister told reporters.

Dr. Majali denied reports that Jordan and Israel were holding secret talks parallel to the negotiations which have moved to the region in

Responding to the tension that developed between the Kingdom and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) after the Washington Declaration recognised the religious custodianshio of the Hashemites over Holy sites in Jerusalem, Dr. Majali said the tension was created by trouble seekers but the issue was cleared between the two

He said it was the PLO that requested a cononuation of the Jordanian role in the Holy City after the Kingdom severed links with the occupied West Bank in 1989, pointing to what he called the historic role that Hashemites have played in guarding the holy sites since the beginning of the century.
He said had Jordan not

(Continued on page 7)

Islamic countries on the defensive over women's rights

U.N. population conference's debates on equality between the sexes has annoyed and embarrassed many Islamic countries where discrimination against women exists on a large scale.

Egypt. Iran. Pakistan and North African countries have objected to part of the conference's 20-year action plan which proposes equal inheritance rights for men and women, delegates

say.
Islamic law stipulates that men receive two-thirds of any inheritance and women one third.

Muslim countries also 'art to the plan's criticism o. arranged marriages which rang place without the consent of the future bride and oroom, or at an early ag-

Cenain countries icu as if they have been put on trial by references to sexual equality, delegates say. They are embarrassed hecause "dehates go beyond disputes over form 10 focus on the basic problem of women's social conditions," one delegate said,

The U.N. International Conference on Population and Development, which aims to curb soaring hirthrates and promote development, believes improving women's status is vital to its goals.

It wants women to have the power to choose how many children they have, even though the social codes in some countries currently deny women the right to make the smallest decisions about their

Women are second-class citizens in many parts of the world where their primary role is to reproduce. In certain African regions. women have low social status — if they are infertile, they can he easily re-

placed.
Discrimination against women can begin from the moment they are born. In Asia and Africa a baby girl could be unwelcome because she will not carry on the father's name and she

will require a costly dowry. Chinese and Indians are relying on pre-natal echograph surveys more and more to verify if the unborn child is a boy.

A study in a Bombay hospital found thar out of 5,000 aborted foetuses, just

One was male.
The U.N. action plan condemns these practices as "immoral" and says they lead to an excess of births of baby boys, clearly visible in world population par-

The pattern is exaggerared still further by higher mortality rates for girls than hoys in childhood. The U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) says food and health care is reserved primarily for boys who are considered more useful. Female children also lose

out in education, the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) says. As a result women account for two-thirds of the hillion illiterate people in the

Between 85 to 100 million women undergo painful sexual mutilation in the form of female circumcision and infibulation - a tradition which can have disastrous health consequ-

Women also enjoy fewer legal rights than men in Muslim countries.

The U.N. and nongovernmental organisations are fighting a running battle againsr violence and discrimination against women.

The 1993 Conference on Human Rights in Vienna ruled that acts against women contradicted fundamental rights of the individual and next year will see a world conference on women in Beijing.

The condition of women is now attracting an unprecedented amount of attention on the world stage. delegates said here.

The conference, which groups 182 countries, opened last Monday, Sept. 5, and runs until Tuesday.

Here are some of the more memorable remarks spoken in and around the U.N. population conference, now in its seventh

day in Cairo: "How many million women does it take to make a bobbitt?" woman activist at a seminar on female genital mutilation

"The Nordics are very hot on keeping sexual rights." — a U.S. delegate

to reporters.



SCHOOLS REOPEN: Algerian children leave the Hydra primary school in the centre of the capital after the first day of classes Saturday. About eight million youths returned to school after the summer recess with none of the trouble or unrest forecast by Algeria's extreme Islamic fundamentalist group, the Groupe Islamique Armed (AFP photo)

Stranded Moroccans finally allowed home

ALGIERS (AFP) — More than a thousand Moroccan victime of the two-week-old visa war between Morocco and Algeria finally left Algiers and Tunis for Morocco Saturday, reliable sources

The Moroccans were stranded in Algeria and Tunisia after the closure of the Morocco-Algerian border in an escalating diplomatic row which has now spread to Tunisia.

Six hundred and eighty five of them boarded the car-ferry "Bismallah" early Saturday in the Algerian port of Oran. The Bismillah is expected in Tangiers Sunday, the sources

A French car-ferry, the Caribia, left the port of La Goulette near Tunis, with more than 400 Moroccan tourists on board. They had been stranded in Tunisia for 12 days after Algeria withdrew permission for them to drive through the country on their way back to Morocco.

Iraq displays will to enforce tough laws

AMMAN (AP) — Iraqi tele-vision has displayed the amputated hand and hranded forehead of a convicted thief as part of an intensified government campaign to curb lawlessness.

The broadcast, which was shown on Iraq's state-run station Friday night, followed reports by newspapers in Iraq and Kuwait that President Saddam Hussein's govern-ment was cutting off the ears of army deserters and dod-

The newscast showed graphic footage of a bearded man lying unconscious in a hospital bed shortly after having his right hand chopped off and his forehead hranded.

The camera showed closeups of the bandaged stump of his right wrist as well as a black triangle about 2.5 centimetres wide which had been hurnt on his forehead, A severed hand, displayed on hine cloth, also was shown.

A videotape of the broadcast reached Amman on Saturday and was shown to the Associated Press by Iraqis who requested anonymity. People familiar with Iraq's government-run television programmes said the announcer often was seen on

the official station. The television narrator identified the man as Ali Obeid Abed Ali, 37, and said he was an "example to all those who allow themselves to trespass on the rights of

others. The narrator said Ali was found guilty of stealing his cousin's television and 250 Iraqi dinars, equivalent to \$825 at official rates, and 33 U.N. cents on the hlack market.

Ali's cousin, Manal Ham-zeh Abed Ali, reported the rohbery at her house in Baa-qonba, about 70 kilometres northeast of Baghdad, to police last month, the narrator said.

"Ali confessed his crime to the Diala criminal court, which ordered this punishment," the narrator said. Baaqonba is the Diala province.

The telecast was the first confirmation of travellers reports that the government has carried out the amputations it vowed earlier this summer to implement.

Under a June 5 decree, people convicted of robbery and car theft should have their rights hand cut off. Second offenders would lose a leg, and thieves who were armed or killed their victims would face the death penalty.

On June 14. Trade Minister Mohammad Mehdi Saleh warned that farmers who did not sell their cereal havests to the state would have their bands cut off.

Crime has increased in Iraq as economic hardships worsen under the U.N. sanctions imposed after Iraq invaded Kuwait in 1990.

The Iraqi government has blamed disaffected ex-soldiers and outlaws for the lawlessness. But travellers from Iraq say that many of those involved in crime are ordinary citizens who were driven to murder and theft to survive as the social fabric of the country rips apart.

Iraqi soldiers who fled to Kuwait told authorities that Iraqi security forces have cut off the ears and branded the foreheads of 2,000 men who refused to be conscripted into the army, Kuwait's Al Watan newspaper said Tuesday,

A Kuwaiti Interior Ministry official confirmed Wednesday that two Iragis had crossed the border and were detained. The official, who spoke on condition of anonymity, declined to comment on the claims of amputation and hranding.

On Thursday, a pro-government newspaper in Iraq said that two youths had their ears cut off for trying to avoid conscription.

The newspaper, which is named Iraq, said Mohammad Shakour Rashid, 19, and Wasil Salim Nouri, 21, of the northern city of Kirkuk, were arrested Monday and promptly punished.

Age gap separates **North and South**

CAIRO (AFP) — Countries in the North and South, already divided by a huge imbalance in wealth, are also facing a widening age gap between their population.

Experts at the U.N. Population and Development Conference here have been struck by the different demographic profiles between ageing industrialised countries and developing countries facing a wave of young

A high proportion of either young or elderly people has a profound effect on how a country must manage its re-SOUTCES

In developing countries, where 95 per cent of the world's total population growth takes place, high birthrates have led to large generations of youngsters. Each woman has four to five children, on average. "In Sub-Saharan Africa, 45

per cent of the population is less than 25 years old, which calls for the creation of more schools and health services, said French population expert Francis Gendreau.

But the biggest problem comes when the young reach the age to find work.

"In Nigeria or Mexico, the number of young people coming on to the job market has tripled since 1955," said Ian Pool, consultant expert to the International Commission on Population and Quality of Life, one of the independent organisations attending the Cairo confer-

In Mexico a million young people join the job market every year. In North African countries, another 56 million countries, another 56 million young

job-hunters will have ar-All of which means developing countries must create 38 million jobs within 10 years for their young people. Otherwise "we will see this generation sink into pover or resort to emigration. Pool said.

In contrast, Japan Europe have watched population grow older thanks to falling birthrates which have ted to women having two children or less

They also have declining mortality rates. In fact the Japanese have the longest expectancy in the world any average of 79 years. "Within just one genera-tion there, the number of people aged 65-plus has risen

from seven per cent of the population to 14 per cent. said Keiko Higushi, Japanese specialist at the conference.

"In France, the same thing of limber"

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Ministration of the second

took a century."
In 2025 elderly people will European states are with the same make a record-breaking 27 per cent of Japan's populatiou.

nomenon. "In Denmark in generation's time there will be statistically 1.5 old be statistically 1.5 old people for every child," Mr. Poll

While industrialised conn. tries make up 23 per cent of the world's population, they represent 44 per cent of people over the age of 60.

They too must shuffle resources in order to cope with the change. They will have to hump up social spendiag on the older generations, at the same time as the relative number of tax-payers

In Japan six tax-payers fi nance the needs of one elderly person. But in 50 years time, there will only be two tax-payers for every old per-

Industrialised countries also face the prospect of a wave of immigrants from de veloping countries seeking better conditions in the North.

Miracle man tries to heal Lebanon's scars

BEIRUT (AFP) - On 40,000 people crowded into a crutches and in wheelchairs, the Lebanese have been flocking in their thousands to catch a glimpse of a Canadian 'miracle worker," Father Emilien Tardif, travelling round their country. They have been rewarded

with dazzling results, according to press reports and the Maronite Church here. Father Tardif, originally from Santo Domingo, was

invited to Lebanon by the maronite bishop of Beirut, For four days he travelled

the country demonstrating his gifts as a worker of miracles, thanks to a whip-round in Lebanon to cover his expenses.

The hishop was delighted with the results. "In Lebanon, since Saturday, he has done around 15 miracles, notably curing a young Shiite Muslim," Maronite Abinader

said. Father Tardif has been invited back ! ext year to the country whe e Lebanese people say Jesus performed his

first miracle. A member of the Sacred Heart Missionaries, based in the Dominican Republic, Father Tardif has travelled the world since 1973 when he was "miraculously" cured himself of tuberculosis by two

nuns in Canada. "His gifts were revealed at that time. Over there he began by curing five people," said the bishop, who is preparing a report for the Vatican.

Last week, 30,000 to

northern suburb of Beirm hoping for everything from a modest cure to recovering their sight or even walking

Like a film star Father Tardif, with a police escort, squeezed his way through the 22 crowds of people who stretched out their hands to **=:::::**.... reach him.

In return Father Tardif touched several heads, said a few words and gave his blessing on his way to the stadium where he addressed his healing prayers. The crowds echoed his words with prayers and hymns.

"I was with a work colleague, whose legs were paralysed from birth. I saw him with my own eyes get up chair and take a few faltering steps," said a private televi-

Table 173 sion station employee. Father Tardif himself is Taris careful to point out that cure which take place after a visit from him - he has already visited 63 countries -- are not all miracles. Some are

The Maronite Church invited Father Tardif for a "renewal of religious life in Lehanon," because he would bring "a "fee of hring "a life of prayer and faith to Lebanon which needs it after having known war between 1975 and 1990. Monsg. Abinader said.

"Miracles are a phenomenon which exists in the church. God sometimes allows miracles to bring to be high the same bank by faith," another religious lead er told AFP.

Milestones in the year since Israel, PLO made peace start on Dec. 13. police will be a 9,000 strong

NICOSIA (AFP) — A year ago on Tuesday images of a historic handshake hetween former hitter enemies Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin and Palestine Liheration Organisaton (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat

flashed around the world. The occasion was the signing on Sept. 13, 1993 of the landmark declaration of principle in Washington, which marked a turning point in the troubled history of the Mid-

dle East. The declaration had been hammered out in a series of secret talks held in Norway, and paved the way for the launch of Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho. Here is a chronology of events which have occurred

in the past tumultuous 12 months since then: September 1993: - 23: The Israeli parliament ratifies the declaration

October:

— 1: Two billion dollars in aid over the next five years is pledged at a conference in Washington to back Palesti-

nian self-rule. - 6: Mr. Rahin and Mr. Arafat meet in Cairo to set up working structures to instigate the declaration.

- 11: The PLO's Central Committee ratifies the declaration and approve the setting up of a Palestinian authority to run antonomy in the interim period. — 13: Negotiations start on

the Israeli army's withdrawal from the Gaza Strip and Jericho in Taba, Egypt. — 25: Israel begins to free Palestinian prisoners but keeps militants from the Hamas and Islamic Jihad groups opposed to the peace

process behind bars. December: - 12: Mr. Arafat and Mr. Rabin fail to agree on an

Israeli army pullout due to

January: — 10: Negotiations resume

in Taba. - 20: Israel and the PLO agree to disagree over horder crossings between the autonomous Gaza Strip and Egypt, and the occupied West Bank

Fehruary: - 9: In the first concrete implementation of the September declaration, Mr. Arafat and Israeli Foreign

Minister Shimon Peres sign an accord mainly concerning the crossing points. - 16: Negotiators in Taba agree on cooperation and

coordination between the Israeli army and the future Palestinian police. - 25: A Jewish settler guns down 29 Arah worship-

pers in a mosque in the West Bank town of Hehron. The PLO demands concrete decisions from the United Nations on international protec-

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:

Firas pharmucy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy

Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy Yacouh pharmacy

ZAROA: Dr. Yousef Harzallah .

ple, calls for settlers to be disarmed and settlements to be dismantled. March:

- 1: The PLO decides to suspend negotiations with Israel until Palestinians are given security guarantees.

— 18: The United Nations

adopts Resolution 904 condemning the Hehron massacre and calling for measures to protect the Palestinians.

— 31: An accord setting out the deployment of 160 international observers in Hebron is signed in Cairo. It also stipulates a resumption of talks. April:

- 3-5: The Israeli police begin to quit Jericho and the army evacuates part of its Gaza headquarters. Under the declaration the pullour is supposed to be complete by April 13. Israel and the PLO agree

that the new Palestinian

force. - 6-13: Fourteen Israelis

were killed in a series of attacks in Israel claimed by Palestinian groups

- 4: Landmark autonomy accord signed in Cairo launching self-rule in Gaza and Jericho. But at the last minute Mr. Arafat dramatically refuses to sign one of the documents in front of 2,000 people gathered for the ceremony. He only signs after

hurried backstage talks. - 18: The Palestinian police take charge of security as the Israeli army completes its pullout hut remains around Jewish settlements and on the crossing points. The new armed force, trained ahroad, is greeted by ecstatic crowds which give its members a hero's welcome as they arrive over the following

- 1: Mr. Arafat makes a triumphant return to Gaza ending a 27-year exile, and thousands turn out to greet

> - 5: The New Palestinian Authority is sworn in Jericho in a ceremony watched by Mr. Arafat. - 12: Mr. Arafat returns for good to the Gaza Strip.

August:

— 10: Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat meet for the first time in the Gaza Strip, at the Erez' horder crossing with Israel. - 15: Palestinian police cracks down for the first time on Hamas militants after two

anti-Israeli attacks. Numerous members of Islamic Jihad are also later rounded up. — 29: Israel and the PLO 'strike a deal for transferring civilian powers in several fields including education to Palestinians throughout the West Bank, allowing them to

run their own affairs for the

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

first time in decades.

....... Khartoum (SO) 13:30 Muscal, Abu Ohahi (GF) ------ Sanaa (1Y) Rome (AZ) 21:45 Beirut (add) (ME)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Fliahts

..... Amsterdam (KL)

COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE Banana (Mukammar)

Pepper (sweet) Polalo

JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME TWO 17:00 Pıl El Hercule 17:10 Beaumannir Beaumannir
News in French News in French 18:45 The Weekly Sport Magazine 19:00 News in Hebrew 19:30 Alack Beauty 20:00 News in Arabas A Galactic Odyssey
News in English
Matrix Home Free

PRAYER TIMES (Surrise) Duha 12:32 Ohuhr

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tel. 8(0740) Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. St. Joseph Church 161, 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church Tel. 63/851, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. ian Orthodox Church Tcl. St. Ephraim Church Tcl. 771751. Amman International Church Tcl. 652526.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:

K24328 German-spenking Evangelical Con-gregation Tcl. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 654932 Charch of Nazarene Tcl.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in

Amman Tel. 811295 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology. Relative hot weather conditions will continue to prevail with winds northerly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate

Amman 19 / 33 Aqaba 26 / 38 Deserts 17 / 37 Jordan Valley 24 / 39 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqoha 39 Humidity readings: Amman 23 per cent. Aqaba 28 per cent.

TELEPHONE

Or. Aassam Karadsheh Dr. Jum'a Abu Dhizb Dr. Yousef Abdo Dr. Bassim Qaddumi

Or. Fayez Al Qadi 273499 Alquds pharmacy [—)

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre 637111 Civil Ocience Department 661111 Civil Ocience Immediate Rescue 63/34| Civil Ocience Emergency 199 Rescue Police 192, 62/111, 637777 Fire Angade 61/7/111 Blood Bank 77/5121

Highway Police #43402
Highway Police #43402
Traffic Police #893301
Public Security Department 60321
Hotel Complaints 605980
Price Complaints 661176
Water and Sewerage Complaints 897467
Amman Municipality 787111 Complaints
Telephone Information Repairs 623101
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 Jordan Television 773111
Radio Jordan 774111
Water Authority 680100

636381

Electric Power

HOSPITALS

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity. 1. Amn. Al-Abli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhaiteen Amal Hospital Zarqa Govt. Hospital (199)983323 Zarqa National Hospital

642441/2 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Army, Marka 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital 602240/511

Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (12)247100

ccss Haya Hospital [03)314111

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (IR)53200-5, where it should always he veri-

ARRIVALS

(Terminal 1) 18:00 New York, Amsterdam (RJ)

Royai Jordanian (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

(Terminai 1)

	Cairo R.I
20:45	Buhrain, Doha (R.
21:0A	Amsterdam, Montreal (R.)
21-00	CORPORATION MODIFICATION
41300	Ohahran R
41:45 .	Darmacon i D i
. بالاستفاد	Al Ain Abu Dhabi / Di
22:30	Ouhai, Muscat (RJ
	Outran, Intuscat (RJ
Oth-	_ = = -
Othe	r Flights (Terminai 2
94-05	
86:90	lstanbul 📆
06:00 09:15	Istanbul (TK
06:00 09:15	Istanbul (TK
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96:90 99:15 12:00 14:30	Istanhul (TK Beirut (ME Khartoum (SC
96:00 99:15 12:00 14:30 Bahra	Istanbul (Tk. Beirut (ME
06:00 09:15 12:00 14:30 Bahra 16:00	Istanhul (Tk Beirut (ME Khartoum (SC in, Ahu Ohabi, Muscat GF
06:00 09:15 12:00 14:30 Bahra 16:00	Istanhul (TK Beirut (ME Khartoum (SC

HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN Dep. Amman R:100 every Monday Arr. Damasess 5:10 p.m. every Monday

Dep. Damascus 7:30 a.m. every Sunday 5:10 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES Upper/luwer price in fils per kt-

Cauliflower Cucumbers (large) 180 / 64 Cucumbers (small) 321 / 34 Grapes 480 / 350
Grapes (Hilwani) 800 / 500
Guaya 500 300



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali headed by Minister Rima Khalaf (Petra Saturday participates in a meeting of Ministry of Industry and Trade officials photo)

Prime minister calls for more economic activity in era of peace

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali Sunday stressed the need to encourage all forms of investment in Jordan, and called for taking advantage of the economic circumstances currently prevailing in the re-

During a meeting at the Ministry of Industry and Trade with Minister Rima Khalaf and Secretary General Mohammad Smadi, Dr. Majali said economic investments flourish during times of peace if supported by a

proper investment climate. The prime minister said the eliminating of routine and the addressing of all hindrances to investment will encourage investors to establish their own projects in Jordan.

tries

Z GANIA TRANS

He called for turning Jordan into a model for development towards better investments. To be able to do this, he said, investment laws and legislation need to be reconsidered with a view to making investments in Jordan more

Dr. Majali called for training staff and orienting them on the latest administrative and practical measures in order to eliminate routine work and create an appropriate investment climate which will encourage investors to establish projects.

Dr. Majali stressed the importance of providing the basic infrastructure as a necessity for investments.

of the obstacles to invest-

ministry is working seriously on providing the appropriate atmosphere to attract such

She said the ministry is currently involved in updating the law on encouraging investments in Jordan and the Companies Law in order to overcome those obstacles The proposed amendments

ments in Jordan, and said her

to both laws will be submitted ted to Parliament for endorsement, Dr. Khalaf said. Mr. Smadi said all laws and legislation which might obstruct the investment process

will be reconsidered. He added that a special investment unit will be set np Dr. Khalaf reviewed some at the ministry to deal with

28 food poisoning victims still hospitalised

Authorities say food establishments require more monitoring

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

SALT — Only 28 out of 200 people admitted to Al Hussein Hospital in Salt with food poisoning, re-mained in hospital Sunday. Initial reports Saturday had said that 220 people were admitted to the hos-

pital, but hospital Director Ossama Samawi, confirmed that only 200 people were actually admitted.

Hospital reports indi-cated that all 200 food poisoning patients had eaten from Al Barkat Restaurant in Al Salt area in

Dr. Samawi said that symptoms of the disease indicated that the food was contaminated with salmonella bacteria.

Symptoms of such food poisoning includes nausea, abdominal pains, diarrhoea and fever.

"At first, we received few patients on Friday, suffering from the symptoms. Later in the day the numbers increased dramatically and we realised that something was wrong" Dr. Samawi told the Jordan

Times Sunday.

He added that symptoms of salmonellosis appear within eight to 48 hours of ingestion.

According to Dr. Sama-wi, the 144-bed hospital admitted food poisoning patients ranging in age from one to 50-years-old. "Two hours after we had

breakfast Friday, my family and I started feeling sick, and we came to the hospital, but thanks God all my" family had left the bospital,' Zahieh Adel, 47, one of the remaining patients told the Jordan Times.

She said that the family always bought food from the Barkat restaurant, and that was the first time they became ill from the food, Lamia Abu Salman. another patient who was

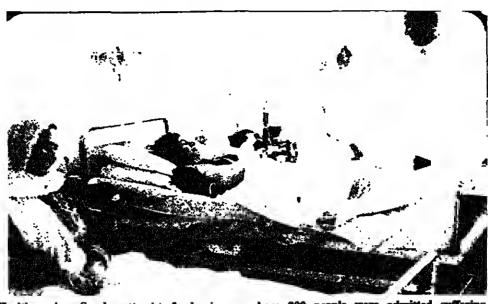
expected to be released from hospital today, said that her family gathered on Friday for breakfast. She said the symptoms started appearing late at night, and the entire family was rushed to hospital.

Khalifeh Abu Salim, a father of three, who also had food poisoning said that his children had to sleep on the floor in the hospital because there were no more beds available.

"Hospital officials supplied the paediatrics section with extra mattresses, but it was still not enough, and my children, along with many others had to sleep on the floor," Mr. Abu Salim told the Jordan

Samir Awamleh, general director of Balqa health service told the Jordan Times Sunday that the res-taurant which had just opened had not obtained a licence to operate or a health certificate for its two

Food establishments re-



where 200 people were admitted sumering Health workers Sunday attend to food poisoning patients at Al Hussein Hospital in Salt

quire several licences, in-eluding health, supply and operation licences. Establishments serving prepared foods to the public are not allowed to operate without all these licences, Dr. Awamleh said.

"The restaurant opened in early July, and our health inspectors who checked the restaurant fined and warned the owner to complete the procedures and obtain the necessary documents before operating, but the owner did not listen and he was stalling" Dr. Awamleh

He said that police and

Health Department officials raided the restaurant and apprehended the owner and the two employees who worked there, taking samples of the food for

"We took samples of water, food and examined all the restaurants' facilities to determine what caused the food poisoning," Dr. Awamieh said.

He added that the restaurant did meet health specifications, but the two employees at the restaurant had to undergo medical examinations to check if they caused the food poisoning.

Dr. Awamleh admitted

that the responsibility falls on all parties for allowing the restaurant to operate without a licence.

"This is an indicator for all concerned authorities to increase the monitoring of food distribution and to monitor all health facilities closer," he added.

This is the second such massive poisoning incident to hit Salt.

In 1976, Salt water sources were mixed with sewage and more than 500 people became sick after drinking polluted water. No one died but some patients suffered from poliomyelitis as a result.

NEWS IN BRIEF

୍ରେ କୁନ୍ମାRegent to attend 'Islam, Arabs' seminar IRBID (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, will patronise a seminar entitled "Islam and the Arabs,"

which will open at Yarmouk University on. Sept. 19. Organised in cooperation with the British embassy in Amman, the seminar will review several working papers dealing with human rights in Islam, Islamic-Christian relations and the Muslims of the Arab World, among other topic, said Mohammad Oklah. Sharia faculty dean. He said researchers and scholars from Britain and the Arab World will take part in the meetings.

Princess Basma follows up on women's society needs

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Sunday met with the Abu services and needs. The meeting was attended will re-open on Sunday Sept. 18. by President of the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) Abdullah Khatib who CAA team to head for Brussels reviewed the union's plans to help set up buildings for voluntary societies. Princess AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation from the Basma Thursday had visited the society and presented diplomas to a group of women who director, Ahmad Jweiber, leaves Amman for completed a training course in dress-making Brussels Tuesday on a several-day visit. Its and tricot work. Princess Basma had express- members will held talks with the Belgian civil ed dissatisfaction with the condition of the aviation authority on scopes of cooperation in society's building and stressed the need to air transport affairs.

construct new premises.

Majali to address businesspersons

AMMAN (J.T.) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali will be the guest of honour and a speaker at a seminar organised by the Jorda-Sunday, Sept. 18. At the seminar, which will be held at the Philadelphia Hotel in Amman, the prime minsiter is expected to tackle economic developments in the Middle East in the coming era of peace.

Agaba-Eilat border closings announced

AMMAN (Petra) — The Public Security Department (PSD) announced that the Aqaba-Eilat border crossing will be closed Wednesday Sept. 14 at 1:00 p.m. The border Nusseir Women's Society administrative com- crossing point will be closed all day Thursday, mittee and discussed with them the society's Friday and Saturday, Sept. 15, 16 and 17 and

ign markets.

Scientists to discuss ICARDA projects

AMMAN (J.T.) — The sixth annual coordination meeting between Jordanian agricultural institutions and the International Centre for Agricultural Research in Dry Areas (ICARDA) will be held at the National Centre for Agricultural Re-search and Technology Transfer (NCARTT) centre in Baqaa on Sept. 12 and 13, according to an

ICARDA statement. The meeting will be inau-gurated by Minister of Agriculture Mansour Ben Tarif, and eight scientists representing the different research programmes of ICARDA will attend the meeting, said statement.

From the Jordanian side, the meeting will be attended by scientists representing NCARTT, the Ministry of Agriculture, faculties of agriculture, and the Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO),

according to the statement. The meeting, said the statement, will discuss the results of the cooperation

in the previous season, and will formulate a programme of cooperation for the 1994-1995 season in the following areas: cereals and legumes, pasture, forage and livestock, agricultural resource management, improved seed production and technology, genetic re-source collection and conservation.

The programme for hu-man resources training and for visits by scientists from both sides will be developed, it said.

During the 1993-1994 season, cooperation between ICARDA and Jordan covered several areas including: germplasm exchange and evaluation, water harvesting, wind erosion, fillage and residue management, and seed technology.

Five graduate students at the University of Jordan, working toward their M.Sc. degrees are supported by ICARDA, the statement

'Managerial skills workshop to focus on rapid change'

AMMAN (J.T.) — A special training workshop will Wednesday start here with the aim of upgrading the en-trepreneurial skills of managers under conditions of rapid change, according to a United Nations Economic Western Asia (ESCWA)

Sponsored by ESCWA, the University of Jordan's Outreach Consultation Project, and the Friedreich Ebert Foundation, the workshop will take place from Sept. 14 to 20 at the Inter. Continental Hotel, said the statement Sunday.

According to an ESCWA spokesperson the workshop aims to enhance the ability of managers to detect and cope with a changing environment, to identify appropriate strategies for transforming changes into investment opportunities, and to create action plans to tap potential entrepreneurial and managerial dynamics within companies. About 20 managers and business executives will participate in the workshop.

Following the opening

ceremony, a round-table discussion on "regional and international changes and their impact on the industrial sector in Jordan," will be held. The aim of the round-table discussion is to provide accurate information on relevant regional and international events, as well as analysis of the impact of these events on the industrial sector and on the economy as a whole in

The round-table discussion will emphasise the impact of the peace process and the emerging geopolitical changes in the region. ESCWA Industry Division's Officer-in-Charge, Hasan Charif, well set the stage for the discussion, introducing the main topics, according to the statement.

Jordan, said the spokesper-

Addressing the workshop participants will be four speakers: Mohammad Said Al Nabulsi, governor of the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ), will present the impact of regional and international events on fiscal and monetary policies in Jordan.

impact of open market policies implied by the new international trade agreements.

Taher Kanaan, director of the Industrial Development Bank of Jordan (IDB), will present the economic impact events stressing the expected direct impact of the peace process and of the implementation of the new international trade agreements.

Zaki Ayoubi, an ESCWA consultant, will analyse the impact of rapid changes on the industrial sector in Jordan, based on a field survey undertaken in Amman.

Abdennur Habaibi, board member in the Amman Chamber of Industry, will present the chamber's efforts to prepare industrial enterprises in Jordan to better cope with these changes.

The presentations will be followed by an hour-long free discussion. The remainder of the workshop will be divided into three core modules: identification of change, predicting change, and coping with change, said the state-

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins) and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify (the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

FILMS

☆ Chinese film entitled "The Police Officer in the Tannin Year" (with subtitles in English) at the Royal Cultural Centre at 7:30 p.m.

Children's play in Arabic eotitled "The Festival" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 10:00 a.m.

LECTURE

Lecture in English with a slide show entitled "Ammonite Towers in Amman" by Muhammad Al-Najjar at the Friends of Archaeology at 7:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

Exhibition of oil paintings by Rashad Salim at Ab'ad Arty Gallery (10:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m.) 1Tel. 819861). Exhibition of paiotings by Syrian artist Walid Qarsili at

Baladna Art Gallery (Tel. 687598).

Exhibition of paintings by Yousef Al Baddawi at the Royal Cultural Centre. Exhibition of Chinese paintings and handicrafts at the

Talal Issa and Mahdi Al Assadi at Al 'Ain Art Gallery Exhibition of paintings by selected Iraqi artists at Alia

Exhibition of oil paintings by Iraqi artists Sa'd Al Ta'i,

Art Gallery (Tel. 639303). "The Diness Exhibit" — beginnings of photography in Jerusalem and the Holy Land at the American Center

exhibition hall, Abdoun.

Exhibition entitled "Time-2 Space 1" by Samia Zarou at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hamced Shomao Foundation in Jabai Luweibdeh. Also showing "permanent" exhibition of 56 Arab contemporary artists (Tel. 643251/

Jordan, Germany sign draft produce export agreement



Zairean troops and Rwandan refugees clash at Kibumba camp

rean troops and Rwandan refugees have clashed at a refugee camp in eastern Zaire. bumanitarian workers said here Sunday, prompting calls

the camp only in necessary. The Zairean forces fired into a crowd of people who bad surrounded them, aid

workers said.
It was not clear if there had been any casualties in the shooting, but some reports spoke of several refugees being injured.

The unrest prompted the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to call on aid workers in the region to be prudent and only send in personnel where strictly necessary to the camp at Kibumba.

The camp bas become temporary bome for some 200,000 refugees from the Rwandan fighting.

Aid worker sources said Zairean troops told them they intervened to protect the Zairean chauffeur of a vehicle which had come under attack from people in the

Rwandan sources, who bave complained in the past about racketeering by some soldiers, responded by saying the Zaireans wanted to loot the vehicle, most of whose passengers were refugees.

Following the incident. refugees set up roadblocks on the route linking Kibumba to Goma, to prevent nongovernmental organisations leaving the camps at night for reasons of security to return to Goma.

Some of their vehicles were forced to spend Saturday might camped on a U.N. site to north of Kibumba.

A spokesman for the United Nations Aid Mission in Rwanda meanwhile said some 500 troops from the Rwandan Patriotic Army, the new government forces back-ed by the Tutsi-dominated by the end of the week. On

LOS ANGELES (AFP) - A

decision by prosecutors not

to seek the death penalty for former football star O.J.

Simpson has led to a storm of

controversy here, with black

leaders and women's rights

The district attorney's

activists on opposing sides.

office announcement Friday

earned the praise of black

leaders, but provoked const-

ernation among women's

Simpson 47, has been

charged in the June 12

slashing deaths of his former

wife Nicole Simpson, 35, and

her friend Ronald Goldman,

Their knife-gashed bodies

were found in pools of blood

outside the wife's posh con-

dominium, located a short

distance from the football

Simpson has pleaded inno-

Black groups heralded the

because the reality is that

DHAKA (R) — Opposition

home-made bombs and

pelted police with rocks as an

eight-hour general strike to

press demands for early elec-

tions shut down much of the

Bangladeshi capital Dhaka

Witnesses said eight bombs

went off near the Golap

Shaah Mazar area and about

Police, who had been re-

laxing after a quiet start to

the stoppage, chased protes-

ters through the streets.

There were no immediate re-

The strike, called a day

after more than 200 people

were injured and 125 arrested

in bloody street battles be-

tween police and protesters, will be followed by two more

days of stoppages, opposition

The stoppage, which began at 6 a.m., stopped all trans-

port except for a few rick-

shaws and shut shops and

schools. Witnesses said most

private offices were closed

20 others elsewhere.

ports of injuries.

activists exploded dozens of.

cent to all charges. His trial is

rights groups

Prosecutors pass on death

sentence for U.S. Simpson



tion upon her admission at the N'Docho orphan in the Zairean region of Goma (AFP photo)

Rwandan Patriotic Front (RPF), had over the past week been deployed inside the former French-monitored zone in southwestern Rwan-

The RPF emerged victorious in the civil war, which erupted after Hutu President Juvenal Habyarimana died in a suspect air crash on April 6. Up to one million Thisis and moderate Hutus were killed in attacks blamed mainly on Mr. Habyarimana's militia

Major Jean-Guy Plante said there were 210 soldiers from the RPA in the town of Gikongoro, 180 at Cyangugu and another 100-odd at

The new Rwandan government had said earlier it would

most of the black men who

line death row are poor peo-

ple who can't afford the high-priced attorneys," John Mack, president of the Los

Angeles Urban League said.

But the decision left some

women's rights groups crying

foul. Simpson has a history of

spouse abuse, having been to

court once before for assault-

ing his former wife.
"I think O.J. Simpson has

received special treatment.

Susan Carpenter-McMillan, a

conservative commentator

"This has been a good of

boys club from beginning to

end. If you can carry the ball

Monday night then you can

awe them in the courtroom

Tuesday morning." she

Beyond race and sex

however, some analysts said

the decision just made good

strategic sense for the pro-

Seeking the death penalty

probably would have under-

mined the chances of the

prosecution to obtain a con-

viction," said Leo Terrell, a

Beverly Hills civil rights

"You have jurors there who know if they vote for

first-degree murder, they're

possibly sending this man to the gas chamber." he added.

and fewer than one in five

government employees

added.

Strikers explode bombs, pelt

Dhaka police with rocks

Meanwhile one of the United Nations' human rights observers in Kigali has quit the operation because she was not given the means to carry out ber job, a U.N. source said Sunday. The move is likely to lead

accuses troops and extremist

ny, told AFP that her contract had ended and she had decided not to renew it. She gave no reasons for her departure,

civil war, is well known.

The U.N. has just four observers on the ground in Rwanda, while the special representative of the U.N. secretary general, Shahryar minimum of 70 was needed to carry out the joh. Others believe the U.N. should provide an observer for every commune, which would bring

Mr. Khan said on Ang. 25 that the observers were badly lacking transport and communications facilities. But he said that efforts were being made to remedy the situation and 25 extra observers were expected in Rwanda "in the

coming days". Over two weeks later, the human rights' observers' working conditions haven't changed, according to a U.N.

said about 10 police officers NATO and former foes

said. "President Meshkov is in his office working."

rest of the city was calm. In his decrees, Mr. Meshkov set up a constitutional

engine parts in crash probe

The reversers cause the thrust from the engine to be reversed, causing a stopping

motion, Mr. Vogt said. One reverser actuator beheved to be a part of the right engine was found in the ex-

tended position," said Mr. Vogt.
"We're not able to resolve at this rune whether that extension could have been a result of the impact or

whether it indicates an inflight extension of the thrust reverser.' He said the reverser actuator was one of six actuators on each engine. The right engine's five other

thrust reversers have not yet been found. 'We will be looking tomor-

Canada's fate. Two separate deals aimed at reforming Canada's constitution to give Quebec more autonomy and recognise it as "distinct society" failed over the past four

tion on both sides. Native Indians, who inhabit most of the northern part of the Alaska-sized province, have said they would

may leave if the province goes its own way.

An independent Quebec would also physically separate the four Atlantic provinces - Nova Scotia, New

from the rest of Canada. of Canada is too big to bridge, and the only solution

is separation.

growth as high fashion theme

CAIRO (AP) — The world's population explosion has in fashionable side, too. One sale at the U.N. Population Conference here are ties? shirts and scarves with d signs by international countries Hanae Mori based on the conference's logo. Picture are two gingerbread children overlaid with leaves, while birds and clouds -- reflection the theme of population tertwined with development and the environment. Course, the goods also ci the Japanese designer name. "We approached to design items to prome the conference. We will people to have nice sound nirs," said Kyo-Ichi Nati. mura, spokeswoman for t U.N. Population Fund Pr fits from the items will go charity, Mr. Nakamura noting Mori ties priced at \$3 here normally sell for \$100 Still, not many of the 15 m delegates, activists and jour-nalists attending the meeting are buying. "People walk by, see the stuff and ask why it's expensive," said Carrie Lynn Johnson, saleswoman at the U.N. booth.

Lost and found set up for U.N. delegates

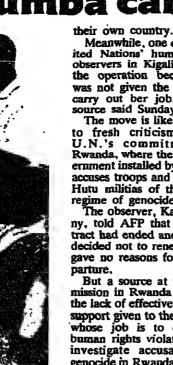
elected two months later and CAIRO (AFP) - U.N. Crimeans voted in a referensecurity has set up an office to handle an expectedly high number of items misplace Moscow ruled Crimea by delegates at the U.N. population conference, including one who lost \$3,000, an official said Sunday. "It's more than what was expected," the U.N. security official told AFP. They're kept us busy. The good part of the story is that most things have been recovered." He said 10 to 15 items were misplaced daily in the sprawling Cairo International Conference Centre, where 3,500 delegates from 182 countries are attending the U.N. International Conference on E ... Population and Development. Items include ID cards, bags, briefcases, pocket books, sunglasses and eyeglasses as well as about \$3,000 in cash and travellers checks that U.N. officers recovered, the official said, "We check the rooms after them," he said. The conference from Sept. 5-13 is aimed at drafting a plan to stabilise world population growth, U.N. and Egyptian officials have set up U.S. investigators look for more a massive security network to threatened attacks from J. Walles Carly K. protect delegates against no incidents have so far been [15]

found at S. Korean

SEOUL (R) — A woman who used more than 1,700 duplicate keys to steal cash and valuables worth 500 milhon won (\$625,000) from locker rooms of public baths has been arrested, South Ko-E 162 3- 2 rean police said Sunday. They said the keys to lockers at dozens of baths in Seoul were found when police searched the house of Kim Mun-Ja, 50. Ms. Kim's clean sweep, which lasted two years, stopped Thursday when a public bath employee

Minister jalied for preaching too loudly

MINNEAPOLIS (AP) — A minister whose noisy con-gregation landed him in jail said praising God loudly is no Stones, Ice Cube or Rev. Hill's church," Mr. North



A doctor examines a Rwandan orphan suffering from malnutri-

Kibnye.

Wednesday, Interior Minister Seth Sendashonga said three battalions, representing some 1,800 soldiers, would be deployed over a fortnight.

The sonthwest region came under U.N. control after French troops left on Aug. 22, but the government is looking to take control of it as soon as possible after obtaining U.N. approval. The U.N. mission currently has some 2,000 of its own

troops in the area. Major Plante meanwhile revealed 15 of 32 prisoners beld in Cyangugu by Ethiopian U.N. troops bad escaped Saturday. The 32 are suspected of "various crimin-

al activities, Maj. Plante added be-tween 1,000 and 1,500 Rwandan refugees were now re-turning daily from Zaire to

Communist foes in Eastern

Europe in a training exercise

in Poland Monday, their first

such deployment in East

The five-day operation, "Cooperative Bridge 94", is

the first joint operation of

Western and Eastern armies

for peace initiative launched

The exercise, in which

some 900 soldiers from 13

countries will train for

peacekeeping actions, is in-tended to bring armies of

East and West closer

"It is a productive forum

for sharing peacekeeping ex-perience, developing a com-

mon understanding of oper-

ational procedures and im-

proving the abilities of NATO and partnership forces to work together in

peace support operations," NATO said.

Poland, one of several for-

mer Warsaw Pact countries

eager to join NATO as soon

as possible, sees the training

as another opportunity to push its bid for early mem-

bership of the Western

"The objective of the op-

eration is... to facilitate the

enough to oust the incum-

bents after nine years in pow-

Analysts say the Parti Quebecois' lead in popular

vote could translate into a

landslide of 75-85 seats in the

125-seat provincial legislature because French-speaking vo-ters, who make up 82 per cent of the population and

dominate most electoral dis-tricts, will likely favour the

separatists by a wide margin.

Quebeckers are not voting so

much for independence, as

they are going against a gov-

But polls also show

inder NAIU's partners

Europe.

in January.

together.

to train to keep peace

WARSAW (R) — NATO integration of the Polish army troops will join their former with the NATO armies,"

to fresh criticism of the U.N.'s commitment to Rwanda, where the new government installed by the RPF Hutu militias of the ousted regime of genocide. The observer, Karen Ken-

But a source at the U.N. mission in Rwanda said that the lack of effective logistical support given to the mission, whose job is to catalogue buman rights violations and investigate accusations of genocide in Rwanda's bloody

Khan, recently suggested a the number required to 140.

source Sunday.

Ms. Kenny and other observers intend to meet the press Tuesday "but I am the only one to have asked that my contract not be re-

General Leon Komornicki,

deputy head of Poland's army

general staff, told the Rzecz-

pospolita newspaper.
Polish Defence Minister
Piotr Kolodziejczyk said the
importance of the exercise

could not be overestimated.

me, joined by 19 former

Communist countries plus

Sweden and Finland, pro-

vides for joint military train-

ing and defence planning, but

it offers non-NATO states no

security or membership

Russia, which finally over-

came its reluctance and

joined the partnership for

peace this summer, is not

taking part in the exercise at

the Biedrusko military area

near Poznan in western Po-

Western military experts

said the exercise was in-

tended to be low key also so

as not to offend Moscow,

which bas been npset by the

enthusiasm of its former

Warsaw Pact allies for early

exercise possible. Training

will involve only very simple

things," said one expert, who

asked not to be named. "One

reason for choosing this form

of action was out of consid-

"It is the most harmless

NATO membership.

eration for Russia."

guarantees.

land.

The partnership program-

were standing guard out-"Everything is calm and normal here," the official

Ukraine's National Guard, or paramilitary police, said the

found in the extended position, explained Mr. Vogt,

tigators were expected to look for more pieces of the which could indicate a loss of right engine of USAir's ill-fated Boeing 737-300 to try to forward thrust in the right determine whether it could have been the cause of the deadliest U.S. airpline crash

in seven years. The plane, Flight 427. dropped vertically to earth just short of Pittsburgb International Airport to burst into a fireball seven miles (11-km) northwest of the city, killing

PITTSBURGH (R) — Inves-

all 132 people aboard. Carl Vogt, National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigators, said Saturday that reversal of thrust in the right engine was being investigated as a possi-

hie cause of the tragedy. "If you're flying along with two engines, and one suddenv reverses, you can imagine

the consequences it would have," Mr. Vogt said at a news conference.

A reverser actuator from the aircraft's right engine was

row for the other five thrust

wreckage About 150 crash investigators will return early Sunday for a third day at the hilly, wooded crash site. Earlier Saturday, Mr. Vogt

said it will take a couple of reverser actuators associmonths to prepare the initial ated with the right engine," NTSB report on the crash.

Quebec voters expected to sweep separatists into power Parizeau has capitalised on

turned up for work. At zero point beside the Monday to sweep into power main government secretariat. a party which promises a new angry pickets attacked a drive for independence from motorised rickshaw as its Canada, once again raising three passengers ran for safethe spectre of the world's second-largest country break-Officials at Dbaka's foreing apart.
The last opinion polls pub-

ign banks said there was no trading Sunday. The Dhaka Stock Exchange was also closed. The stoppage has almost

fully paralysed the city." one police officer told Reuters. He said people were still panicky after Saturday's vio-

Nearly 5,000 activists, mostly from the main opposition party the Awami League, picketed the secretariat. They chanted antigovernment slogans and ieered at police.

"The corrupt and inefficient government has now proved itself fully devoid of democraric principles and norms. And it must go, Awami chief Sheikh Hasina told a news conference SaturMONTREAL (R) — Angry Quebec voters are expected ernment that left bigh taxes, a rising deficit and unemployment over 12 per cent. "Dissastisfaction is very

high," said Alain Gagnon. political scientist at McGill University. "This is one of the most important elements of the campaign."
Parti Quebecois leader Jac-

lished before the Sept. 12 election in Canada's largest ques Parizeau promises to work as soon as he's elected province gave the separatist Parti Quebecois a 3-5 percenon reviving a dream of creating a French-speaking countage point lead over the try in a North American sea Liberal Party, more than of English-speakers. Ever since former French

President Charles De Gualle shonted the separatist ral-lying cry "vive le Quebec libre" (long live a free Quebec) in 1967 from the balcony of Montreal City Hall, the debate over Quebec's place in Canada has haunted the country.

A 1980 referendum on sovereignty was defeated by a three to two margin following a bitter fight that tore families apart. Mr. Parizeau has alarmed English Canadians by saying

if he wins the election he

would quickly have the pro-vincial legislature, called the National Assembly, pass a resolution giving the government a mandate to make Quebec sovereign. He would then hold a new

referendum on sovereignty sometime in 1995. Mr. Parizeau says a simple majority vote in favour of separation would he enough for Quebec to divorce from Canada.

But all opinion polls conducted during the seven-week campaign bave shown that separation is not the top priority of Quebeckers, and that a referendum would lose hy a wide margin today. A SOM poll of 1,008 Quebeckers published Saturday showed that 56 per cent would vote "no" in a referendum, only 30 per cent would say "yes" and the remainder

were undecided. Most of those surveyed said job creation and the economy are their top priorities for the new government. The portly, London School

of Economics-trained

these concerns during the campaign by attacking his Liberal opponent, Premier Daniel Johnson, over job los-ses in Quebec's largest city of Montreal and by highlighting issues such as health care and

tax increases. And be is not fazed by poli showing a referendum on separation would be lost. He says there is plenty of time after the election to convince Quebeckers to risk separation, and even if the referendam is defeated he would try

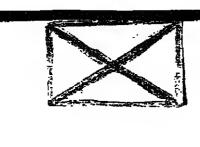
"Absolutely not," Mr. Parizeau said when asked if he would stop trying if be loses the referendum. "I think the sovereignty of Quebec will he achieved. I believe it is necessary, and Quebeckers understand that it is necessary."

The leaders of the rest of Canada, including Prime Minister Jean Chretien, have been early silent during the campaign for fear of playing into the hands of the separatists. But resemment is a simmering, especially in western Canada, over the possibility that Quebec could decide

years, adding to the frustra-

fiercely oppose separation. Some of Quebec's Englishspeaking minority say they

Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland — But Mr. Parizeau and other separatists say the gap between Quebec and the rest





Crimea leader suspends parliament

council to prepare a new con-

stitution to be submitted to a

referendum on April 9 next

year. Elections would be held

within three months in the

region, which wants closer

Mr. Meshkov and parlia-

ment had until recent weeks

been allies in pledging to loosen Ukraine's hold on

But deputies fell out with

Mr. Meshkov over his

appointees as prime minister

and to other cabinet posts.

Leonid Kuchma was on a weekend holiday in the Cri-mean resort of Simeiz. His

spokesman in Kiev were un-

Mr. Meshkov and Mr.

Kuchma held talks in Crimea

Friday and Crimean officials

said Mr. Kuchma called for

further talks to resolve the

Mr. Kuchma has made a

single lukewarm statement

on the Crimean dispute,

urging both sides to settle

their differences. Crimean

politicians said it showed he

wanted only minimum in-

volvement.

available for comment.

Ukrainian President

ties with Russia.

KIEV (R) — The president of Ukraine's Crimean peninsula, Yuri Meshkov, closed down the region's parliament and local councils and took over local media Sunday, Interfax Ukraine News Agency

reported. Mr. Meshkov announced he was taking "full power" as he read a series of decrees on Crimean radio at 8:15 a.m. He has been at odds with the parliament for weeks in the autonomous region.

Mr. Meshkov said parliament in its present form was unworthy of performing legislative work. "A corrupt group has seized it," he said. Police blocked all entrances to the modern glass and concrete huilding in the cen-

tre of the regional capital, Simferopol. Deputies refused entry to the huilding planned a rally in the square outside. Parliament's deputy speak-er, Viktor Mezhak, had been due to make a radio address after the president, but Inter-

fax said he was prevented from entering the broadcasting station. An official reached by telephone inside the parliament

A duty officer for

The row was brought to a head by a law passed by Crimea's parliament last week reducing Mr. Meshkov's powers to that of head of government and curtailing his right to appoint local offi-

cials and call referendums. Deputies further eroded his authority by creating a Constitutional Court empowered to declare the president unfit for office or rule

his decrees invalid.

from the 18th century until 1954, when it was handed to Ukraine as a "gift" by Soviet leader Nikita Khrushchev.

Mr. Meshkov denounced

"Deputies are behaving lie

the decisions as a "coup d'e-

children being manipulated

by some sort of a criminal

mob," he told Crimean Tele-

vision. "This is a parliament

Mr. Meshkov won a land-slide victory in January on a platform of prising Crimea

from Ukrainian control and

rejoining Russia. The beavily

pro-Russian parliament was

dum for closer ties with Mos-

out of control."

About two-thirds of its 2.7 million residents are ethnic Russians. Parliament has retained its strong pro-Moscow position. approving in principle Thurs-

day last month's declaration by the Crimean city of Sevastopol that it was Russian territory. The port is home to the Black Sea Fleet, whose divi-

sion remains one of the key disputes between Russia and Ukraine nearly three years after the collapse of Soviet Crimean leaders had boped Mr. Kuchma's election

in July would help them move closer to Moscow. But Mr. Kuchma has maintained the firm line of his predecessor Leonid Kraychuk that Crimea is an integral part of

said Mr. Vogt. "That will

involve excavation. There's

consideration being given to

when that engine or both

engines can be removed for

Mr. Vogt said that in the

left engine four of the thrust

reverser actuators were

found in the stowed position

and a fifth actuator was found

broken, making it impossible

to determine which position

will be on the right engine

and on finding the other

Mr. Vogt gave results at the end of a second day of

searching for clues and re-

moving victims from the

actuators," he said.

"Tomorrow the emphasis

remote site assembly.'

it was in.

reported. 1,700 locker keys

thief's home

saw her stealing money from a locker and handed her over to police.

State of the state

3 to 11 ...

3 <u>%</u>

Michigan Agentic

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Jenny 1

The the second

reason to be prosecuted. "It's been quite embarrassing," said the Rev. Robert Wesley Hill, who left jail after making bail. "They went to quite a lot of trouble all because of worship." Residents in the quiet Linden Hills neighbourhood have registered 72 complaints to the city about the true Apostolic Assembly Church since August 1992. Some neighbours say they don't like the singing, preaching and amplified music from the 150-member congregation — especially in summer, when the church windows are open. The singing has been accompanied by electric guitar and drums. Lyonel Norris, an attorney who lives across the street from the church, said he has had trouble working from home because of the constant noise. His 3-year-old daughter calls the church "the singing house" and doesn't want to go to sleep at night when she hears it. "I don't care if it's Pink Hand to Bolling. it's Pink Floyd, the Rolling

set to hegin Sept. 26. prosecutor's decision not 10 seek the death penalty meted out in California either by the gas chamber or lethal injection.

They claim black defendants face the death sentence disproportionately. We could be talking about an average Joe on the street and that's important

A Cuban woman is rescued by Paul Demonte (centre) and Rene Gonzalez (left) of the U.S. Coast Guard after she was hit in the

About 1,850 South Korean

troops also took up positions in border areas "under the eyes of our side" and "got fully prepared for firing, getting on our nerves," the news agency said.

Korea Sunday accused the

United States of staging war

games with South Korea, souring the mood of U.S.-

ist aggression forces and the

South Korean puppets almost

" every day are a grave chal-

e lenge to detente and peace in the Korean peninsula," the

It added that U.S. and war games from Sunday to Tuesday "in the sky, sea and ground" with hundreds of planes, weapons and tanks

United States favours early

elections in India's troubled

Jammn and Kashmir state, its

Ambassador Frank Wisner

India has been approving

constitutional changes to de-

lay elections to the state

assembly after Muslim mili-

tants there launched a major

separatist eampaign four

"We would welcome early

elections," the Press Trust of

India (PTI) quoted Mr. Wis-

ner as saying in an interview. He said the interests of the

Kashmiris should be consi-

dered in settling India's

decades-old dispute with Pakistan over the territory

at S. Kett was quoted Sunday as saying.

years ago.

aching

الألك إن

and hnodreds of troops. The usually harsh attack

from Pyongyang's propagan-da mouthpiece came the day after North Korea and the United States opened talks in Geneva on the standoff over North Korea's suspected nuclear arms development. In parallel talks in Pyon-

gyang, the two countries were also discussing the possibility of opening liaison offices to improve bilateral

South Korea has changed its diplomatie strategy to ease inter-Korean tensioo and draw Korea's oew leadership into dialogue, Seoul newspapers reported Sunday.

South Korean leaders now think Kim Jong-II has fully consolidated his grip on power in the two mooths since the death of his father, Presideot Kim II-Sung, the Jooogang-Ilbo said.

'We must be ready to resume inter-Korean dialogue as the leadership of North Korea appears to have secured stability," a senior gov-ernmeot official was quoted as saying.

Korea had been under pressure from Washington to take conciliatory steps toward the

North hits at U.S., S. Korean games while sending a clear signal at the same time to the North that progress in inter-Korean relations is a key to rapprochement between Washington and Pyongyang," be was quoted as

The U.S. position will be clearly conveyed to North Korean leaders during current talks in Pyongyang on the exchange of liaison offices, the official told Joon-

gang.
The Pyongyang meeting started Saturday, at the same time as talks in Berlio on North Korea's nuclear reactors and safe storage of 8,000 spent fuel rods extracted from the Yongbyon fivemegawatt reactor.

Diplomatic and security teams here oow believe Sonth Korea should consider ending the drawn out war of nerves with North Korea that started over consolatory remarks by dissideous here on Mr. Kim II-Sung's death,

other newspapers said. South Korea will offe stop its propaganda campaign first while seeding recoociliatory messages to Pyongyang through Beijiog and Washington, Mr. Joongang

ing against New Delhi's rule

over two-thirds of the former

princely state. Pakistan rules

Jammu aod Kashmir is

mainly Hindn India's only

Muslim-majority state. India

accuses Pakistan of arming

Thousands of people flooded the streets of the Kash-

the remainder.

the militants

military troops.

"The U.S. has asked us to end provocative remarks

U.S. wants early Kashmir elections

necessarily prefer a plebis-

red recommended solution.

It is not in our responsibility

to pick the device for testing

the will of the people." PTI

quoted Mr. Wisner as saying.

have a game plan or mediate

without being asked for."
Pakistan, which has fought

two of its three wars with

India over Kashmir, has been

pressing for a referendum in

the region, citing a United

Nations resolution that

Police and hospital sources

say that more than 17,000

people have died in the upris-

"It is not up to the U.S. to

"The U.S. has no prefer-

NEW DELHI (R) - The but Washington did not

some forty miles southwest of Cuba (AFP photo) Israel ready to send police force to

chest by an object thrown from an airplane that spotted her raft

Haiti TEL AVIV (Agencies) -Israel, answering a U.S. request, said Sunday it would send a police unit to Haiti 10 help keep order following any military invasion the United States should carry out.

"Other is a decision to send an Israeli police force to participate in an international police force in Haiti to maintain public order and human rights." a police spokes-

woman said. Police Minister Moshe Shahal told reporters after the weekly cabinet meeting that he was sending a senior officer to the United States to study the U.S. request.

"I decided to send a sentor officer to the United States to try to verify certain matters - the scope of the authority. the jurisdiction, how they are going to operate, all of those questions that need answers. and probably tonight or tomorrow morning he will leave for the United States." Mr. Shahal said.

The New York Times said Sunday the United States. concerned that an invasion of Haiti could set off a wave of assassinations and reprisals. was scrambling to create a Hanian force with international monitors after any

military action. With a likely date for an invasion approaching. President Bill Clinton and Vice President Al Gore telephoned a dozen world leaders over two days, the news-

mir state capital Saturday and paper reported. shops downed their shut-But the other countries ters to protest the killing of a pledged only about 200 of the teenager reportedly by para-500 monitors needed, U.S. officials told the paper. Israel The strike, barely a day Radio, in a report that could after soldiers killed 11 people not be immediately conin a bus when militants fired firmed, said Israel would at them, highlighted the re-

send about 30. current disruptions in the Belgium is prepared to send some 30-50 military police to Hairi to help the United Nations mission if Washington requests assistance. Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene told Belgian

Television Sunday.
Mr. Dehaene said the police could be sent "in the next few weeks" if Haiti's military leaders refuse to bow to United Nations demands to step down.

He said that after any

eventual military intervention the soldiers could be used to back up local police. .U.S. army troops from an upstate New York base mobilised on Saturday for possible action in Haiti and a senior White House official said an invasion hy a U.S.-led multinational force was

'highly probable.' The troops are the first U.S. combat soldiers ordered to be prepared to go to Haiti and reflected Clinton administration efforts to increase the pressure on Haiti's militarv leaders to give up power or be driven out.

The commander of U.S. Navy and Marine operations off Haiti said military exercises in Puerto Rico have emboldened his soldiers for possible action in Haiti. And even as Rear Adm.

William H. Wright spoke to reporters during large-scale target practices on this island Friday. Pentagon officials were increasing the size of

They raised their troop count to 20,000 and activated 2 "ready reserve" ships to carry support equipment to Adm. Wright's nine-warship force off Hairi.

Cuba toughens stance on rafters

HAVANA (R) — Cuba, seeking to halt departures of boat people in its side of a deal with the United States, said Saturday it was banning transport of rafts down to the coast and warned it would arrest people doing this.

An Interior Ministry statement read on the evening television news said the new measure would come into effect from 6 a.m. (1000 GMT) Sunday.

Dozens of rafters set out to sea Saturday despite a U.S.-Cuban accord on immigration aimed at ending the exodus from the Communistruled island. More were gathered on beaches near Havana preparing their de-

parture. The government, committed to stopping rafter departures in return for a huge increase in U.S. visas granted to Cubans, issued a statement late Friday "exhorting" citizens to stop setting out to sea and warning that from Tuesday force would be used if necessary to prevent people

The Interior Ministry statement Saturday said vehicles used to transport rafts down to the coast would be confiscated and their drivers

arrested. The move clearly aimed to limit further departures to people already on the shores and preparing to leave and prevent a rush of new rafters down to the sea before Tues-

On beaches such as Cojimar and Guanabo east of Havana, focal points for thousands of departures over the last month, rafters paid little attention to Friday's news.

Two trucks arrived in the afternoon carrying rafts, to ioin about 10 vessels already heaped on the sand at Guanabo.

The painted name of one unwieldy vessel. Los Locos (the madmen), reflected something of the reckless spirit with which really determined rafters have continued to set out and may well continue to do so.

"We're still going, we prefer to be at the base than here in this country," said one rafter at Guanabo. Since a policy switch by President Bill Clinton in mid-August, confirmed in the Friday accord, Cuban boat peopicked up at sea by the U.S. Coast Guard have no longer been admitted to the United States, but have instead been sent to the U.S.

the tip of Cuba. There was no way of predicting how quickly or com-pletely moves by the government of President Fidel Castro would stem the flow of people leaving a country that is facing severe economic hardship and shortages of

naval base at Guantanamo on

just about everything. Some rafters have sold almost everything they own to buy boat material and may feel loath to dump their

The government gave rafters three days to clearing up their vessels from the shores, and said boat material would not be confiscated. But it said from Tuesday, force would be used if necessary to stop

people leaving. An editorial in Granma indicated Cuba feels it has come out well from a crisis that began six weeks ago with a spate of hijackings of stateowned vessels towards the United States and then unHavana on Aug. 5.

The newspaper called the agreement "positive" and a reasonable and just solution, mutually useful and

realistic." The U.S. Coast Guard said 147 Cuban refugees were picked up at sea in the early morning hours Sunday as Havana prepared to enforce new restrictions on the departure of makeshift rafts.

A Coast Guard spokesman said they had intercepted 13 rafts as of 5:00 a.m. (0900)

On Saturday, 551 Cuban boat people were intercepted in 55 rafts in the Florida

Straits. A U.S. soldier Saturday wounded a Cuban with a bayonet at the U.S. naval base in Guantanamo during a protest by 2,500 Cubans over the U.S.-Cuban im-

migration agreement signed Friday, the U.S. military The U.S. Atlantic Command in Norfolk, Virginia, said the protest by Cuban migrants housed at the base

lasted about 90 minutes. The Cuban with a shoulder bayonet wound, aged 35, was in stable condition at the Guantanamo Bay Naval Hospital where he will remain overnight for observation, the military command said in a statement.

It was unclear if he was wounded by a U.S. Marine or army soldier, the command's Sergeant Michael Westerfield told Reuters in a telephone

interview. A second Cuban may have been cut in the shoulder by a bayonet and the statement said the military was checking

Describing the protest. Sgt. Westerfield said, "it was quite a crowd and there was a lot of bumping." At one point, Cubans ran towards a fixed line of soldiers with

fixed bayonets.

A total of 25,998 Cubans and 19,117 Haitians are housed at Guantanamo on

the rip of Cuba. In Rio De Janeiro. Larin American and Caribbean presidents Saturday urged the United States to lift its economic embargo on Cuba and demanded Haiti's military leaders step down to allow a return to democracy.

In twin statements at the end of a two-day summit, the 14-member Rio Group called for a peaceful transition to democracy in Cuba and a peaceful solution to the Hai-

tian crisis. In the first statement, the presidents committed themselves to strengthening their ties with Cuba and fully reintegrate the island into the hemispheric fold.



A group of Cuban refugees signal a U.S. Coast Guard helicopter some twelve miles off the

coast of Cuba as the seas begin to swell around

their raft (AFP photo)

Murayama coalition loses key test in local election

TOKYO (AP) - Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama failed a test of strength Sunday as an alliance of opposition parties triumphed over his ruling coalition in a closely watched by-election for a

parliamentary seal. In conceding defeat after early returns, however, coalition candidate Jiro Mizuno, a former United Nations official, insisted: "This result is my personal responsibility and does not represent a judgment of the Muravama administration.

For the victorious opposi-tion, former Prime Minister Tsutomu Hata said voters had judged the alliance between Mr. Murayama's leftleaning Socialists and the conservative Liberal Democrats as "an act of betrayal" and wanted a progressive new party.

The Liberal Democrats had governed Japan alone from 1955 until last year. when voter anger about rampant corruption brought down their government. They regained a share of power by joining with their longtime rival Socialists in

Officials said that with 99 per cent of the vote counted. opposition candidate Yuzuru Tsuzuki, a Labour Ministry section chief, had 925,232 votes, or 43 per cent of the total, 10 541,327, or 25 per cent. for Mizuno. In all, seven candidates were running for the upper house seatfor central Aichi prefecture (state), which includes the industrial centre of Nagova. Mr. Tsuzuki will succeed the 1992 winner. Shoji Shimma, who was stripped of his seat after being found guilty of lying about his educational record in campaign litera-

The election came as Japan was moving from a system of many parties toward a competition between two large political groups - one centred around the Liberal Democrats and the other a union of self-proclainted reformers. Opposition parties said last week they plan to unite as

Pope: Nationalist war at odds with religion

SARAJEVO (R) — Pope John Paul Sunday called on warring factions in former Yugoslavia to learn to live together again and said nationalist intolerance fuelling the conflict could not be

blamed on religion. In the first papal pilgrimage to the region torn apart by ethnic warfare, the Pontiff appealed for peaceful coexistence at an outdoor mass of 600,000 Roman Catholics in the Croatian

capital Zagreb.
"Would it not perhaps be intolerable hypocrisy to repeat 'our father' while cultivating feelings of rancour and hatred, or even plans for reprisal and revenge?" the

Pope said.
"No, it is not lawful to attribute to religion the phenomenon of nationalist intolerance which is raging in this regioo... no one can evade a path of unity and peace. Reason requires it, even before faith," he said. The Pope told the crowd that Catholic Croats, Christian Orthodox Serbs and Slav Muslims were part of a multinational civilisation in the Ralkans that had no room for bigotry and violence.

Croatians, Serbs and Slav Muslims in Croatia and Bosnia have often asserted their religion and the need to protect it in waging a war marked by massacres, mass expulsions and destruction of churches and mosques.

The Pope launched his 24honr visit to Croatia Saturday with an impassioned plea for peace: "How much innocent blood has been spilled. How many tears have streaked the faces of mothers and childreo... however difficult, the peace effort is a sacred duty for every believer."

The Pope bad to cancel a planned visit to the Bosnian capital Sarajevo after Serbs besieging the city refused to guarantee his safety. In northern Bosnia, fight-

ing appeared to have slowed in the Muslim enclave of Bihac a day after the United the Muslim enclave of Nations threatened NATO air strikes if Serbs continued shelling attacks on Bihac town.

The U.N. commander in Bosnia, Lieutenant-Geograf Sir Michael Rose, had warned Serb forces Saturday they faced NATO air attack if they failed to halt shelling attacks on Bihac town, at the heart of a U.N.-declared 'safe area.'

Shelling of Bihac town had stopped but fighting continued on front lines around the enclave, with Serbs and the Muslim-led Bosnian army trading artillery and mortar attacks near Otoka, said Major Dacre Holloway, a U.N. spokesman in Sarajevo.

Shelling of Bihac town had stopped but fighting continued on front lines around the enclave, with Serbs and the Muslim-led Bosnian army trading artillery and mortar attacks near Otoka, said Major Dacre Holloway, a U.N. spokesman in Saraievo.

The Pope received a ranturous welcome from tens of thousands of Croatians who

lined the streets of Zagreb to watch him travel to the city's ancient cathedral in his bulletproof, glass-covered "popemebile."

"It is necessary to promote a culture of peace... which does not reject a healthy patriotism but keeps far away from the exasperation and exclusions of nationalism." he said in his speech at Zagreb Airport, at the start of his

In the southwestern Bosnian city of Mostar, an antitank shell struck the headquarters of the European Union administration, an EU spokesman said.

The projectile was fired from the Croat-controlled side of Mostar and smashed into the high-rise building close to the bedroom of EU Administrator Hans Koschnick but he was not there at the time and no one was hurt.

Mr. Koschnick, who is to lead the reconstruction of the battered town, said he would not let himself be driven out by the overnight attack.

The attack will not be a reason for me to leave Mostar," he told Germany's San Television station.

It was the first such incident since the EU took charge of Mostar in July after a peace settlement between Bosnian Croats and the Muslim-led Bosnian government army

Bosnain Serbs meanwhile found themselves further isolated as big powers appeared ready to reward Serbian-led Yugoslavia for its blockade of its former proteges.

Diplomats said EU foreign ministers meeting in Germany gave their support Saturday to a plan for the conditional easing of sanctions against Yugoslavia in return for international monitoring of its embargo against

Comet fragments could collide with Earth

favoured a plebiscite.

LONDON (R) - Fragments wards the sun but as other from a newly-discovered comet have been under iner [a]lec tense observation by astronomers who believe they could be on a collision course with Earth, Britain's Sunday Telegraph reported.

Their concern was heightened by the fact that the comet has broken up into fragments — just like comet Shoemaker-Levy 9 which spectacularly hit Jupiter in

The new comet, known as

Machholz-2, was discovered last month by an Ametican

broken up.

orbit of Earth.

observers turned their telescopes towards the object they found the comet had

all on a path brings them with

hard to predict their long-

By Saturday a total of five fragments had been seen -

Information from observatories so far suggests that if the fragments keep to their current trajectories they should avoid an impact with Earth but astronomers warned that it was extremely

Duncan Steel of the Anglo-Australian Observatory told the Telegraph that the influence of Jupiter would dominate their orbital behaviour.

"It's most likely that Jupiter will pick up the objects and throw them out of the solar system again. As far as we can tell, they should not hit the Earth in the next 10 years," he said, but added:

We might be wrong. "It could happen in the next few decades. What we need are more observations so that we can get a more accurate orbit.

term behaviour. astronomer as it raced to-Shuttle crew exercises robot arm

CAPE CANAVERAL. Fla. (R) - Discovery astronauts gave the shuttle robot arm a workout Saturday as climat= research with a space laser began in earnest.

Scientists on Earth studied the atmosphere over far-flung regions while the crew of five men and one woman hoisted and swung a boom almost as long as the shuttle's Canadian-made robot arm. Launched Friday evening from Florida, the astronauts manoeuvred Discovery as

orbiting ship during its passes over the darkened half of the An onboard telescope me-

needed Saturday to aim the

laser gun while researchers

used radio commands to fire

brief pulses of light from the

back to the shuttle - given researchers an idea of the composition and density of clouds over Russia, Indonesia and Australia.

One goal of the research is to determine how clouds and pollution contribute to global warming. Data gathered with the lidar in-space technology experiment, or LITE, so far was "truly impressive," project scientist Pat McCormick said in a Saturday evening

news conference. Tropical storm Debby, chuming in the Caribbean south east of Puerto Rico. provided an unexpected research target. "This showed up quickly the usefulness of future spaceborne lidars to characterise the clouds associated with tropical

A recorder linked to the laser instrument apparently was not storing data Saturday and the astronauts speni considerable time trying to fix it. Project manager John Rogers said it was "more of a nuisance than a mission critical item" because at least half the information was being beamed directly to the ground as it was obtained.

The National Aeronautics

and Space Administration is

developing lidar satellites for its unmanned Earth observing system which is planned for lannch beginning in 1998. Lidar operates on the same concept as radar, but instead of radio waves, it uses beams of light. The laser pulses last no more than 30 billionths of

the forces involved.



Pope John Paul II celebrates a mass in Croat the pontiff's 62nd visit abroad in 16 years and at St. Stephen's Cathedral. This papal visit is his first to the former Yugoslavia (AFP photo)

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State of law vs. lawlessness

REPORTS OF the killing of more than five people during a wedding procession last week attributed to a 13-year-old tribal vendetta is a shock to all of us and an insult to our modern-day society. What happened in Naour, the scene of the crime in the name of tribal vengeance, is only a tip of the iceberg. Tribal ways of administering justice have been with us for decades without any real effort to root it out altogether. Many have concluded that the subject is too hot to handle and decided that it is better left brushed under the carpet.

There were times before the creation of the modern state when tribal form of justice was perhaps necessary as a deterrent to crime. But in modern Jordan the taking of innocent lives cannot be tolerated any longer since we are blessed with an efficient and effective judiciary and a set of legal instruments that provide for an effective dispensing of justice.

Yet the closest that we have gone to address this ever-present crisis was when the Minister of Social Development Mohammad Squur recently proposed the holding of a conference to discuss ways of abolishing the practice of tribal acts of vengeance. No one has picked up the idea since then and nothing could be expected to take place to address this problem until the tribal leaders in this country take up this challenge and call for an urgent grand conference for this purpose.

The killing of innocent people belonging to a clan or tribe because the life of another member of that clan or tribe was accidently or wrongly taken can no longer be tolerated or accepted by all of us especially tribal leaders themselves. We can no longer consider ourselves as part and parcel of the contemperary world as long as our ways belong to the archaic past. As long as crimes are committed in our midst in the name of honour and tribal vengeance, Jordan will continue to belong to the backward world instead of the modern comity of nations that we are striving to catch up with in earnest.

As tribal leaders should redress this tribal justice problem, the Jordanian women's societies should likewise address the commission of crimes in the name of honour and spearhead effective efforts to weed it out as well. These two features of our society are blemishes of the worst order that have got to be rectified as a matter of the highest priority. It is very encouraging to see His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan lead the campaign for a more effective application and enforcement of the laws of the land. For unless the banner of a "state of law" is translated into concrete action, crimes committed in the name of honour, vengeance or festive firing will continue. It is high time that the state and its civil arm prevailed over all forms of ancient practices.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour daily Sunday called on the government to keep its pledge made two years ago to collect all weapons from the public to prevent further tragedies like that which occurred last Thursday and resulted in the death of five innocent people. Daoud said that the Public Security Department (PSD) had fixed a deadline for collecting weapons and promised to take other social caremonies. But, he said, regrettably the innocent still fall victim to stray bullets fired for rejoicingover weddings or in the course of acts of vengeance committed by some people against others. Failure to collect the firearms from the public and continuation of firing incidents are bound to take its toll on innoceot people and is also bound to deplete credibility in official decisions taken by the authorities, said the writer. There is dire need for the concerned authorities not only to collect the weapons but also to impose severe penalties on these who try to resist the regulations and violate the law.

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i tackled the Palestinian-Israeli meetings and said that the failed Paris meeting in the past wealt led the donor nations to suspend their contributions

Paiestine Nucleus! Authority of his projects in the to be on Je, the and Giza, thirty historyell said the is in Israel's interest to see the Palestine National authority failing to acquire funds to finance its projects and gradually attain independence and therefore the Palestinian leadership ought to realise this fact and act in a manner to attract the donors' contributions as soon as

Human Rights File

Securing the right to peace

AS ESPOUSED by the international human rights treaties. human rights, include the right to peace. The purusal of this equally important right is all the more relevant for the people of the Middle East in view of the ongoing peace process that aims to end the longstanding armed conflict between Israel and the Arab states. Needless to say, the five-decade long war condition in the area, due to the Arab-Israeli conflict, took a heavy toll on the peoples of the region. Many lost their lives while others suffered injuries or sustained material loses because of the 1947-48. 1967 and 1973 Arab-Israeli wars. These measured losses should be also added to the invisible sufferings and costs of these wars. There is no denying that many human rights were denied due to these tragic and painful sufferings and losses, among which is of course the right to peace.

Now that the parties have turned around and decided to seek peace instead of perpetuating the sterile methods of warfare and destruction, the big question is whether the states of the region could have initiated the peace process

I think the answer to this question is yes. Many opportunities have been missed. The peace that we are seeking now could have been achieved decades ago.

To be sure, the British White Paper, proposed during the

British mandate over Palestine, and the U.N. partition plan for Palestine in 1948 offered suitable opportunities for attaining peace in the Middle East. These two proposals could have offered the Palestinians more than what the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is settling for. Unfortunately, however, the Palestinian leaderships did not learn enough from the errors of the past until it became

too late to salvage anything meaningful for their people. The next most tragic missed opportunity for the human right to peace in the region occurred when the late King Abdullah was assassinated in 1951. With his untimely death, the Palestinian people in particular and the Arab World in general lost an unredeemable historic opportunity to salvage much of what was lost in Palestine on bases that are again infinitely more honourable than the ones being entertained now by the PLO. True, it is too late to reverse the events pertaining to the genesis and termination of the Palestinian case. Yet it is never too late to set the record straight on all its past milestones. To begin with, had the

late King Abdullah lived the full duration of his natural life, 1967 Arab-Israeli war might not have occurred. 1 am saying this not so much because the founder of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan would probably not have taken part in a clearly disastrous war imposed on Jordan, but rather because he would have succeeded by then to cement a viable peace process that could have saved the entire region a catastrophic war.

By Waleed Sadi

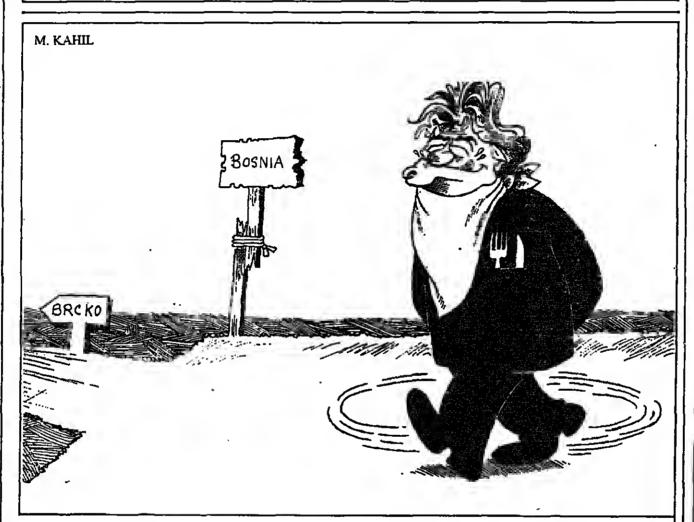
The assassination of the late King Abdullah, therefore, was a denial of the right to peace of the highest order. Think of the thousands whose lives could have been saved and the sufferings that could have been avoided had he

Above all, think of the Palestinian national rights that could have been safeguarded had the Arab and non-Arab

parties behind the crime not pulled the trigger.

More than 40 years after the death of King Abdullah, the Palestinian leadership and the other Arab governments strive painstakingly to begin what was effectively aborted on that Friday prayer time on July 20, 1951. The least that we can do to redeem the lost opportunity is to pay tribute to the Hashmite monarch, who wanted to do so much and so early for the Palestinian people and the Arah Nation, but was gunned down to nip the 1949 peace process in the

I think it would be very much in order, therefore, to recall the late Hashemite monarch's vision for peace in the Middle East and cross check them with what is now being actively pursued by all the Arab parties. Suffice it to remember that had the Arab World, including the Palestinian people, followed the counsel of King Abdullah, the whole of East Jerusalem would have been in Arab hands; the entire West Bank plus border changes favourable to the Arab side would have been assured. This is not to mention that a geographically bigger Gaza Strip would have been earmarked for Arab sovereignty. Of course, neither the Golan Heights, nor southern Lebanon nor Sinai Desert would have ever fallen to Israeli hands in the first place had King Abdullah's life been spared. Given these undisputed facts, it seems that we as Jordanians and Arabs have not done enough to commemorate the late King. Now is the time to rectify these shortcomings with Jordan taking the first steps in that direction.



Can India rise to meet East Asia's challenge?

By Sunanda K. Datta-Ray

SINGAPORE - The visit to Singapore this week by Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao of India was a reminder of how much the relative fortunes of South and East Asia have changed in the 26 years since an Indian leader last paid an official visit to the island-

In 1968, India was Asia's most politically stable pow-er, economically confident and militarily self-suffi-cient. But East Asia has forged ahead since then. and Mr. Rao is now making a brave attempt to catch up with many of the countries that one of his predecessors, the late Indira Gandhi, claimed in a slightly patronising tone in 1968 to accept as "friends and

equals."
The economic liberalisation launched by the Rao government, now in its fourth year, has obviously improved the chances of bridging the gap. But the goal will continue to be elusive if India, on the rebound from socialism, pins all its bopes on foreign

Two other dangers arise from India's population ex-plosion and deteriorating relations with Pakistan.

The immediate risk is that the free market might end up to be just another mantra, like the strings of beads that Marie Stopes, the birth-control pioneer, long ago distributed to Indian village women to belp them calculate during wbat periods they would be unlikely to conceive, but which they hung up outside their doors as a talisman against conception.

Similarly, a country with a population of 900 million cannot expect the ripple effect of foreign iovestment to create jobs and ancillary openings for all, as 3,000 multinationals have done for Singapore's 3,000 multinationly have done for Singapore's 3 million people.

In spite of a modest growth rate, India has a lot going for it. It bas bad a strong industrial base for more than a century. It has a tradition of original research io science and technology, and a sound administrative system and framework of corporate law. It may therefore be a waste of time and energy for India, with its giant steel mills, fertiliser projects, heavy-machinery factories and sophisticated service industries, to vie with China and Vietnam for foreign

investment.
Instead, India should concentrate on mobilising domestic savings and hoarded gold. It should motivate millions of rich Indian entrepreneurs overseas to invest at home. And it should barness for productive use the tremendous capacity for bard work that alone enables nearly ooethird of the population to brave floods and drought to wring a living from tiny plots of land, often using the most primitive agri-

cultural methods. Not that foreign invest-ment can be dispensed with. But such capital

would be most productive if strategically deployed as a catalyst for indigenous growth. India is just too big, complex and, paradoxically, too advanced in some ways to benefit from the kind of comprador activity that has brought prosperity to Asian societies starting from scratch. Blindly allowing such concerns as Pierre Cardin, Kentucky Fried Chicken and Reebok to open shop will only sipbon away the wealth of India's consumers and aggravate the politically dangerous and ethically unconscion-able gap between rich and

In 1951, India was the first country in the world to launch an official birth-control programme. Yet the fertility rate is still a high 1.9 per cent. Mr. Rao will bave to find the political courage to revive family planning as a vigorous national effort to reduce numbers if he does not want the fruits of bis economic

reforms to be squandered. But the most daunting challenge that faces him is the need to mend fences with Pakistan, as he is already doing with China. This is a nettle that Mr. Rao must grasp if his economic reforms are to realise Indi-

a's potential.

He can do so by making two points. India must make a special effort to convince Pakistan that it harbours no expansionist designs. Only the success of such an exercise can enable intelligent and enlightened leaders of Pakistan, such as

Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto, to repudiate fundamentalist opinion and counter the military and the even more powerful intelligence service, whose trump card is that they alone can defend Pakistan against

In the long term, it may be even more important to establish economic links between India and Pakistan through expanded trade. joint business ventures and cooperative marketing efforts.

This is where multinational corporations can play a useful role. Being immune to South Asian power politics, they can open commercial channels between the two countries. Indian and Pakistani businessmen will most certainly follow their example.

Southeast Asia has much to teach Mr. Rao in this respect. Members of ASEAN, the Association of South East Asian Nations, have shown since Mrs. Gandhi visited Singapore that even bitter hostility and political rivalry can be subsumed in common economic interests. If Mr. Rao can adapt that lesson to improving New Delihi's ties with Beijing, there is no reason why he should not also try to do so with Islamabad.

The writer, a former editor of The Statesman newspaper in India. is an editorial consultant to The Straits Times in Singapore. He contributed this to the International Herald Tribune.

Cautious optimism's among Tamils

By Rohan Gunasekera

JAFFNA, Sri Lanka - A government move to end Sri Lanka's decade-old ethnic war has unleashed a wave of fresh hopes for peace in the battle-weary northern stronghold of the Tamil Tiger separatist fighters.

"The atmosphere is entirely different." a resident of the northern Jaffna peninsula said after the government's announcement at the end of August that it would ease a four-year-old economic blockade on the l'iger's home base.

In return, the rebels have offered a ceasefire and agreed to unconditional peace talks. "We have confidence in

the new government, which eased the economic embargo even before talking to the rebels," the residents said. But not everyone shares the mood of cautious

optimism that prevails among the peninsula's minority Tamils. "People are longing for peace, but I won't believe it

until it actually happens. said a resident who identified himself only as Ran-He noted that previous

peace initiatives in the bloody war for independence had failed. More than 30,000 people

have died since the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) rebels began their separatist campaign for the island's 2.5 million Tamils. alleging discrimination at the hands of the majority Sinhalese.

In a bid to end the conflict, the New People's Alliance government. which won last month's general election under the leadership of Prime Minister Chandrika Bandaranaike Kumaratunga, eased restrictions on the transport of goods to the north.

and other items which the army says could help the Tigers' war effort. Ms. Kumaratunga also

But a ban remains on fuel

campaign and immediately after forming her govern-

Tiger chieftain Velupilia Prabhakaran responded by offering a ceasefire agreeing to unconditional talks and freeing 10 cap-

The government has asked the Tigers, who have said they are prepared to consider a federal alternative to a separate state to name an emissary to work out details of the peace

"Hopes are high," said ; Tamil journalist. "People expect something from the new government. But everything depends on the position taken by the

Few residents of the Tigers' stronghold in Jaffna dare to speak openly against the rebels, who are still regarded with fear despite substantial support in the region.

Those who do raise their voice have been killed or held in rebel detention camps, residents and has man rights groups say. The Tigers deny the existence of the camps.

Jaffna still bears the scars of years of fighting between the Tigers and the Sri Lank. an and Indian armies, the latter sent in 1987 as part of a failed Indian effort to end the war.

Many buildings have been destroyed. Others bear holes from bullets and shrapnel.

The region has been without electricity since the rebels blew up power lines in the mid-1980s. The ban on fuel has hit transport badly - the few vehicles on

state of Tamil Nadu.

- it was one million when the war began but tens of, thousands have fled the fighting - lives in fear of offered, both during the air and artillery attacks.

N. Irish peace said on track despite 'hiccups'

By Maggie Fox

BELFAST - The governments of both Britain and Ireland say Northern Ireland's peace process is still on track despite a "hiccup" caused when five Irish Republican Army (IRA) prisoners attempted a violent jail-break.

Government sources in Dublin said British Prime Minister John Major and his Irish counterpart Albert Reynolds spent about 20 minutes on the telephone discussing the effects of last week's Irish Repblican Army ceasefire.

They agreed that every day that passes, the peace process is becoming more consolidated," one Irish government source said. They both accepted they were moving at somewhat different speeds but that they were going in the same direction.

The Dublin source said both men expressed concern about the jailbreak attempt in England of six men, inleuding five IRA prisoners. The escapees shot a prison guard before they were caught and unionisi politicians in Northern Ireland said this constituted a breach of the IRA ceasefire.

Neither government has said it broke the ceasefire

pledge.
"The breakout was referred to and they both agreed that there would be hiccups along the line - but they would not allow them to derail the process," the source said.

Several spokespeople for Sinn Fein, the political wing of the IRA, expressed embarrassment about the breakout, "It certainly does not look good," said one Sinn Fein local councillor. who asked not to be named.

Sinn Fein issued a statement saying the jailbreak did not count as a breach of the ceasefire, even as irate

unionist politicians, who want Northern Ireland to remain British and are suspicious of the ceasefire

said it did.

Many Protestant unionists fear London has made secret promises to diminish Northern Ireland's British status in return for the IRA truce, and doubt the guerrilla group has really renounced violence.

Mr. Reynolds has wholeheartedly embraced the ceasefire. He met Sim Fein President Gerry Adams on Tuesday and urged Britain to grasp the chance for peace.
But Mr. Major, who once

said it would "turn his stomach" to meet Mr. Adams. has been more cautious. He says he needs proof it will really last before be keeps a promise made in December to include Sinn Fein in talks on the future of Northern Ireland.

The armed Protestant extremist groups are more doubtful of the IRA's good intentions and tried to kill a Sinn Fein councillor in the province on Saturday. The outlawed Ulster

Volunteer Force (UVF) admitted planting a boobytrap bomb on the back door of the house of farmer and local councillor John Hurl. Mr. Hurl said his daughter Mairead, 24, discovered the booby trap hidden in 2 lunchbox. Police spent three hours disarming and

destroying the bomb. "I thought the community generally was in for some peace, but evidently not," Mr. Hurl said. "Everybody was looking forward to a return to normality. Some people obviously have different views."

Protestant extremists have now attacked four times since the ceasefire took effect last week. They killed one Catholic man. sbot at a another and exploded a car bomb outside the Sinn Fein press office in

ment, to meet the Tigers for peace talks.

the roads run on kerosene. The Tigers smuggle in their own fuel supplies. however, often by making the 30-minute speedboar run across the narrow Palk Strait from the south Indian

The peninsula's popula-tion of more than 500,000

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NEITHER PRESIDENT Ali Abdullah Saleh's General People's Congress (GPC) nor the mainstream Islamist Al Islah Party could fill the political vacuum left behind by the demise of the Yemeni Socialist Party (YSP) in southern Yemen after the civil war. But that has not stopped either from vying for domination of the

Foreign diplomats and analysts believe that both parties are aware of their shortcomings and of the strong hurdles they face in winning the hearts and minds of the southerners. "But the GPC is more pragmatic than Islah, which is trying to impose its will by force in the south, and the president appears to be toying with the idea of rehabilitating the YSP in the south if only to counter the Islah approach," said a Western diplomat in Sanaa, the federal capital.

According to the diplomat as well as Yemeni sources, one of the ideas under serious consideration s a possible return of Ali Nasser Mohammad, a YSP leader wbo was ousted as president of what was South

Yemen in 1986. Mr. Mobammad, who now lives in Damascus, has been closely involved in efforts to end the Aden-Sanaa crisis before it erupted into violence in May after four-years of united Yemen and is seen by many as a moderate pobtician despite his tough rule of the south in the early 80s.

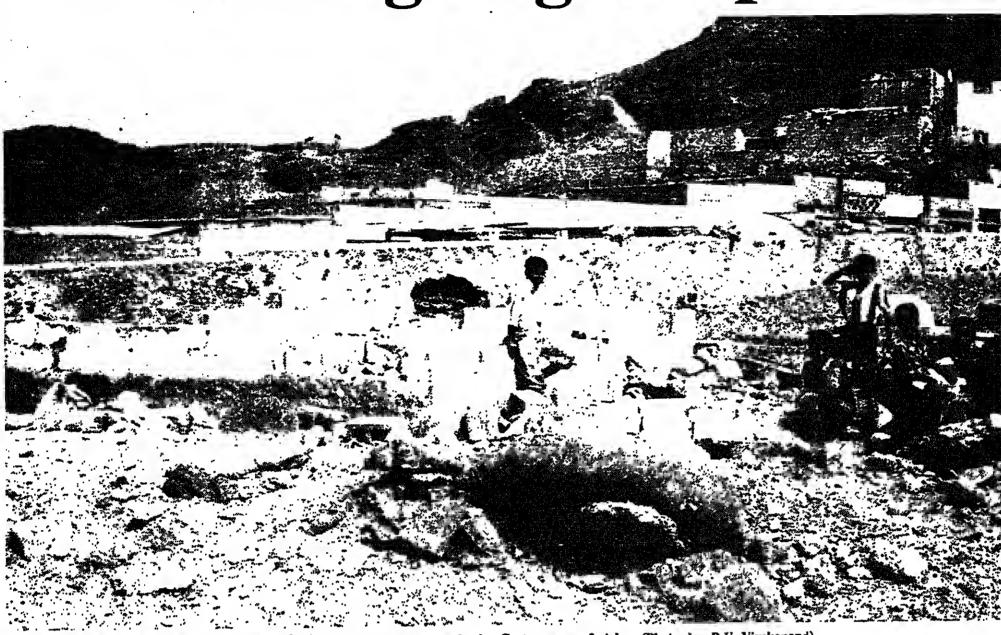
Rivals in the YSP rose up against him in a bloody coup in January 1986. Mr. Mohammad and many of the army units loyal to him fled to North Yemen but their efforts to stage a comeback to Adeo did not succeed. Mr. Mohammad moved to self-exile io of his close aides. But the bulk of his army units remained to North Yemen.

In fact, it was those army units who led the govern-ment assault on Aden and entered the city to end the civil war in July.

Diplomats say that it was a well-calculated move by the Sanaa government to use the pro-Mohammad forces to be its vanguard m Aden. Apart from their military skills and familiarity with "every bit of the nooks and corners of Aden, their very presence in the government forces was a political strategy to convince the residents of the city that it was not a purely northern-led move to take over Aden," said the Western diplomat.

But what the government did not expect was the vengeful rampage staged by some of the pro-Moham-

Winning the southerners— Sanaa weighing its options



Children play at the desecrated tombs near the Sheikh Aidarous Mosque in the Crater area of Aden (Photo by P.V. Vivekanand)

mad officers in Aden. Many of them remembered very well their forced depature from the city in 1986 and sought to exact reveoge and reclaim their "rights."

In ooe typical incident, a pro-Mobammad colonel rusped to his family bouse in an Aden suburb and took it over from a U.N. ageocy. which had rented it from another southerner wbo had occupied it wheo the colonel fled the city in 1986. Today, the agency is run-ning from pillar to post in Aden trying to recover its records and equipment

from the building. Although many pro-Mobammad soldiers are blamed for the wave of lootings and violence that followed the fall of Adeo. many residents of the city see them as a better option than the Al Islah fighters who also entered Aden wheo it fell and who are now trying to impose Islamic law on Adenis.

'At least they (pro-Mohammad elements) are south erners and would be more understanding of the

Egypt is introducing a prior visa requirement for all

people's problems," said Layla, a schoolteacher. "We would accept anything

Awareness of that sentimeot seems to be behind President Saleb's consideration of a possible political rehabilitation for Mr. Mohammad.

"Contacts are continuing with the former president in Damascus, and it is quite possible that he could stage a return to Yemen as the leading southern politician and a possible member of the government." said a highly-placed Yemeni

Technically, Mr. Mohammad will have to be elected to parliament before he could assume office in the executive authority. Diplomats attach little significance to that aspect and say some formula would be found to constitutionally legitimise Mr. Mohammad's role in government.

However, Al Islah, which has vowed to obliterate YSP from Yemeni political life, has already moved in a direction aimed at preempting such an eventuality. Al Islah deputies have proposed a law that call for the prosecutioo and punishmeot of all those involved in the January 1986 massacre" io Aden, including

Mr. Mohammad. While the move is not expected to be endorsed by the legislature, given the limited voting power of Al Islah, it shows the anxiety of the Islamist party to avert the emergence of a strong and liberal southern leader loyal to President Saleh.

"It is a cat-and-mouse game between Islah and the GPC," said an Asian diplomat in Sanaa. "For all technical purposes, both are coalition members and on very friendly terms, but the reality on the ground is that the two are locked in a battle to outwit the other and gain an upper hand."

"Obviously Islah wants to block the return of Mr. Mohammad, who, Islah leaders are well aware. could be President Saleh's man in the south and very acceptable to the south-

erners," said the diplomat. The question is: Will be be happy with playing the role of an eminent politician in Aden or would he want a prominent role in govern-

"In the latter case, it is tle for anything less than a vice-presidency or premiership," said the di-

If Mr. Mohammad is appointed vice-president as a compromise, then Islah would claim the premiership, something that the GPC wnats to avert at any cost if only because of the problems that the country might face with an Islamist as head of government at a time when it wants to liberalise the country.

An option available to President Saleh is a diluted vice-presidency being offered to Al Islah. But it unlikely that the Islamists

would settle for that. If they do, then they would demand key cabinet posts to make up for the lost clout of vice-president,

again causing problems and headaches for the liberal government.

The National Assembly this week began debate on constitutional amendments that are likely to be endorsed to favour increased powers for the president. the abolition of the fivemember presidential council, a clear definition of the powers of a sole vice-president, moves towards a free market economy and de-

centralised administration. Also in the cards are constitutional amendments that call for making Islamic Sharia "the source" of all laws instead of "the main source.

President Saleh is expected to name a new government as soon as the constitutional amendments are endorsed and take effect.

As the Islah-GPC battle of wits continues in Sanaa, Adenis are worried.

"There is a clear political vacuum in Aden," said Hussein Aulaqi, a leading lawyer in the port city. "Neither the GPC nor Al Islah is capable of filing that vacuum, and as they con-

unue their struggle, we Adenis are paying a high Adeo resideots complain of a lack of law and order and proper law enforcement agencies. Large numbers of senior officials from the south have been replaced by northeners who residents say, know little of the ways of life in the south.

Many of the oew officials are Islah supporters, who are accused of trying not only to reverse the liberal lifestyle of Adenis but also to plant as many Islamists in administrative positions and present a fait accompli to the central government in Sanaa.

Southern police units "are afraid to move out of their stations lest Al Islah fighters take over the building and kick them out,' said a grocery owner in the Crater district of Aden. "It has happened in several areas alseady."

Another Aden resident, a former government employee who also insisted on not being named for fear of reprisal, said: "Islamic style floggings for crimes deemed

un-Islamic are common in police stations where Islah righters are present.

In effect, the practices of Al Islah forces are similar to those of the "Mutawa" (religious police) in Saudi

Arabia, residents say.

Accounts of Al Islah behaviour include incidents where couples moving together in the city are asked to provide proof of their relationship, "surprise raids" on restaurants to enforce a ban on alcohol, and sexual segregation in

In addition to entorcing the strict Islamic dress code in Aden, which was once famous for its liberal way of life under the British colonial power until 1967 and then the Marxist Socialist regime of the YSP, Al Islah is also trying to get rid of as many women from the government and public life.

At least one incident was reported of an Islah fighter firing around the feet of a woman who dared to lift her head-to-toe cloak a little while walking on a sewage-strewn street. "I won't miss your legs next time you show them in public," the man reportedly told the terrified woman.

South Yemen was the first Arab country to have a woman jndge, who has now been given "unlimited leave." Similarly, women lawyers in the city have been told to go home and "look after the children."

Al Islah is not directly blamed for last week's assault on two mosques containing the remains of Islamic boly men reverred as saints by Aden residents but deemed blaspbemous by puritan elements of the faith such as the Wahabi sect in Saudi Arabia.

A group of men, said to be Wahabis from Abiyan and Lahej provinces surrounding Aden, descended on the port city early on Sept. 2. Described as members of the Jibad group, they dynamited parts of a mosque in the Sheikh Othman district and descrated a tomb inside. Similarly, at another mosque in the Crater area, the extremists ransacked the building, broke open the 500-year-old tomb of a religious leader as well as tombs outside the mose and set the done ablaze along with old scripts that were found inside the building.

Unconfirmed reports say dozens were killed in the battles that ensued. The city lived in sheer terror for the next three days as clashes erupted between security forces and extremists in various parts, shattering the hopes of many that the calm in Aden after the two-month civil war there

Mr. Aulaqi, the lawyer, agreed that the central government could not be held solely responsible for the situation in Aden, given the delicate political balance that governs ties between the GPC and Islah. Bnt. he warned, "the vacuum in Aden should be filled as soon as possible if an explosion is to be averted."

Yemen wants to boost trade

(Continued from page 12) said a Western diplomat. However, Egyptians in Yemen do not enjoy privileges similar to those extended to Jordanians and Iraqis if only because Egypt

Yemenis entering its territory as of Oct. 1. "This is going to deal another severe blow to Cairo-Sanaa does not offer reciprocatory treatment to Yemenis. The number of Egyptians living in Yemen is very Diplomats noted that diplomat.

Cairo conference stalled

by preists and nuns."

Bnt both Vatican and Islamic countries have taken pride in the influence they wield, claiming success in their campaigns.

The Vatican said it had succeeded because the conference ruled out abortinn as a means of family planning. And Iran, which ignored opposition at home in attend the conference in its selfproclaimed role as the defender of Islamic values, also maintained it had achieved

very good results. It has even altered its de-It has even ancide religious experts," Iranian Deputy Health Minister Hussein

Malik Afzali told AFP. "Most of the subjects under discussion have nothing to do with population, but with culture and society,"

"Iran has seized the offen-

relations, which are already strained by what many Yemenis see as Egypt's indirect support for the sonthern secessionists in the civil war," said an Arab

It is very important to ns... (Continued from page 1) We don't believe in these families called 'unions.' That word doesn't exist in our

country," Mr. Afzali added. And thus sex education should only be given to those "who are getting married" and not to teenagers because it "could affect their moral-

> Pressure from Saudi Arabia and the Vatican caused the Lebanese boycott of the conference, an Egyptian newspaper said.

> "Lebanon's decision to boycott the conference stems from the Varican pressuring it to support its polot of view of the conference." Al Ahram quoted the secretarygeneral of the Lebanese famiplanning society, Tawfik Osseiran, as saying.

Al Ahram said Mr. Osseiran listed Saudi Arabia's snub of the Cairo conference as another reason for his country's absence.

Israel hails Assad speech

(Continued from page 1) Heights in exchange for a three-year trial normalisation period. Syria stuck to its demand for an immediate full withdrawal.

Mr. Rabin told German radio Syria was currently refusing secret contacts, hut said he hoped Mr. Christopher could help bring the sides together.
"We think that with the

help of the United States hopefully - we can find a basis that will allow us to meet in secret or npenly, Mr. Rabin said. "But the best thing would be bilateral, secret negotiations." Mr. Rabin once more set

out the basis on which Israel was prepared to pull back from the Golan Heights. He said the four elements of the peace deal with Syria

which Israel was seeking like

of which were required together to provide stability.
"In principle we agree to a withdrawal," he said.
"How far we pull back depends on a schedule... we

the four legs of a table - all

have no obligation to the Syrians to make a complete "Third, we need years for a withdrawal, and after the first

geographically limited phase we would like a normalisation of relations, comparable to that we had with Egypt (after Israel's pullhack from Sinai), and independently of which border we withdraw to, once an agreement is reached." "And fourth, security mea-

sures. We don't have a 250kilometre wide Smai (Peninsula), which separates Israel from Egypt west of the Nile. So Israel is much more ex-

posed to Syria, as far as security goes.'

Analysts described Mr. Assad's speech, broadcast live on radio and television and repeated in news bulletins, as encouraging.
"President Assad made it

clear in the speech that Syria wants to reach a peaceful settlement with Israel and all it wants is implementation of U.N. resolutions which call for Israeli withdrawal from the lands it nccupies," nne analyst said. "It is Israel's turn now to

show its readiness for peace by accepting withdrawal from the Syrian lands it occupied in 1967," be said. One diplomat said the

speech also constituted a good sign for Mr. Christopher. Diplomats said President

Assad made no reference to remarks by Israeli leaders which had apparently angered Damascus. moved.

Self-rule donors to meet (Continued from page 1)

months, restricting him to the port city of Haifa. The order also confined him to indoors after dark and barred him from contacts with other suspects, Israel

On Friday night, a Palestinian from the village of Halhoul near Hebron was shot in the head and critically wounded, army ufficials said. Palestinian wimesses said the shots were fired from a passing car with vellow Israeli

Later Friday night, a car fitting the description was stopped at an army roadblock near Hebrun. The driver and passenger, a man and a woman, said they had shot in the air near Halhoul after

being stoned, Israel radin However, the car showed no signs of damage by stones, and the two were arrested for questioning, the radio report A monitoring group said meanwhile the number of Israelis killed by Palestinians has jumped more than 30 per cent in the year since the signing of the peace agreement with the PLO.

Peace Watch, which calls itself a non-partisan Israeli organisation, found that 65 Israelis were killed between Sept. 9,1993 and last Thursday, Sept. 8, compared with 49 over the previous 12 months.

Mr. Arafat pledged in a letter to Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin nn Sept. 9, 1993 to renounce violence and to recognise Israel.

Majali reports signs of thaw

(Continued from page 1) secured a reference to those sites in the declaration, they would have fallen under the control of the Israeli ministry

of religions. Addressing the issue of refugees. Dr. Majali pointed nut that the issue was included in the common agenda signed by the Kingdom and Israel on Sept. 14, 1993, adding that talks on 1967 refugees "will begin soon" in the framework of a joint committee that includes the Kingdom, Egypt, the PLO and Israel.

The prime minister said the government would not force normalisatinn of ties with Israel on the people, saying the abnormal situation that existed hetween the two countires would end noly when its causes were re-

Peace has to bring economic benefits to the Kingdom and signs of that have already started to appear, the prime

Dr. Majali said the government had no information to

confirm reports that about \$40 millinn were embezzled in Royal Jordanian purchase

contracts. "The government cannot act on rumours," he said, adding that it would take. action if it gathers sufficient evidence that there were vinlations of the law in the company. He said the gov-

ernment had asked the prosecutor general to check the credibility of reports about alleged embezzlement and to take action if he collected sufficient evidence. The prime minister brushed aside suggestions that his government was

heading towards a confrontation with Parliament when it convenes late next month, saying the two authorities cooperate for the benefit of the country. He refuted suggestions that the deputies have indicated that the government should resign when 61 of them sent His Majesty King Hussein a letter in which they severely criticised the government's acts and policies.

He said, however, that the Lower House of Parliament bas the right to criticise the government and its policies. The opposition has the right to differ with the government but law should reg-

said.

Dr. Majali also rejected reports that he was angered by the formation of the Royal Commission for Modernisation and Development because it encroached on the authorities of the executive.

ulate the way it operates, he

He said the Royal commission will work as a task force to deal with important issues outside the constraints of the usual government routine

Responding to a question on the 'rudeness and inefficiency" with which some civil servants treat the citizens, Dr. Majali said the gnvernment has taken action to improve the performance of the bureaucracy but reform will

come gradually.

He urged citizens to report misconduct by civil servants so that the executive authority will be able to rectify the situatinn.

Scientists warn of catastrophe

(Continued from page 12) and some are expected to be gone entirely by the end of the next century. Several plants and animal species dependent on the forest for survival will become ex-

The UCS says that up to one third of all living species may be extinct by the year 2100. With the species' extinction will come the loss of biolngical equilibrium they create.

The UCS statement concludes with an appeal to governments and people worldwide. "We must recognise the Earth's limited capacity to provide for us.

We must recognise its fragility. We must no longer allow it to be ravaged. This ethic must motivate a great movement, convincing reluctant leaders and reluctant governments and re-

fluctant peoples themselves to effect the needed

European Union finance ministers | Arab refining output set for sharp rise declare end to severe recession

European Union (EU) finance ministers Saturday declared an end to the severe recession that had gripped many of their economies and tigrown nearly 18 million people out of work.

The recession is over. said German Finance Minister Theo Waigel, who was host of a daylong meeting of ine dozen EU nations at a resort on Lake Constance in southern Germany. "The union is definitely on a growth

pattern again. EU economics chief Henning Christophersen presented updated projections showing the group's economy would expand at a better oace of two per cent this year. Last spring, he predicted the economy, after adjustment for inflation. would grow 1.6 per cent this year, after contracting in

ment rate was projected to run this year at about the same pace as the 10.9 per ceni of 1993. It had been expected to surge to a whop-

ping 11.6 per cent this year. Even so, ministers said the jobless rate remained too high and urged the nations to continue efforts to get millions of the unemployed back

"The situation is still, of course, far from satisfactory." said Mr. Waigel.

Last December, the union agreed on a massive public works programmes that would pour hillions of dollars into telecommunications. networks to open up jobs. The goal was to create 15 million new jobs by the end of the decade.

The plan also called for the nations to reduce obstacles to hiring new people, pare cer-With a better economic tain taxes on employers to cut and trim regulatory measures that hinder employment.

"We mustn't lose interest in the subject." said Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer Kenneth Clarke. "Our ability to tackle these things is improved with economic recov-

Mr. Chistophersen said the nations had gone heavily into deht during the downturn. "We are now coming out

of the recession with the highest level of public deht... in Europe since the World War II, he said. The nations must get their public finances in order be-

fore they can enter the group's new monetary union, which will set up a joint central bank by 1999 to issue common currency. The merger is the centrepiece of the treaty on Euro-

pean Union, which went into

effect last November to forge

closer economic and political

Under the treaty, an economic and monetary union could be former as early as Jan. 1, 1997, if a majority of nations meet tough criteria of low inflation and interest rates, stable currencies and

healthy public finances.
With or without a majority, the union must begin no later than Jan. 1, 1999. Britain and Denmark have opted out of the project.

During their discussions, the ministers agreed to maintain the admission require-ment of modest hudget deficits and public deht. The EU's executive agency cited 10 of the 12 govern-

ments for running up hefty Belgium, France, Germany, Luxembourg and the Netherlands are considered likely to be in the first wave of countries forming a monet-

ary union, with others joining

end of 1995, the Kuwait-based 10-nation OAPEC said Arab refining production capacity is set to increase in a study. sharply in the coming years as Iraq and Kuwait press ahead

with repairs to war-damaged facilities and other members plan major expansion pro-The rehabilitation of refineries in Iraq and Kuwait

has already pushed up capac-ity in the 22-member Arab League by around eight per cent to 5.73 million barrels per day (b/d) in 1993 from 5.30 million b/d in 1992. According to the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC).

Iraq's refining capacity jumped to 621,000 b/d in 1993 from 318,000 b/d in 1992 following the repair of most of its 10 refining units. Kuwait's output rose to 565,000 b/d from 368,000 b/d after the reoperation of the

war-damaged Shuwaiba re-Plans are also underway to boost the capacity of the emirate's three refineries to

around 830,000 b/d by the

Saudi Árabia, the world's

biggest oil producer and ex-porter, accounted for nearly one third of the total Arab refining output, with a capacity of 1.62 million b/d in 1993.

But there are plans to in-crease production with the expansion of existing refineries and setting up of new processing units.

The projects include raising the capacity of Saudi's Ras Tanura refinery to 300,000 b/d from 265,000 b/d and the setting up of a hydrocracking unit with a production capacity of nearly 100,000 b/d in addition to repairs to distillation units at Ras Tanura and Mina Saud damaged by Iraqi shelling during the Gulf war.

Another project includes building a lubricant plant at Yanhu refinery at a cost of \$200 million.

The project, carried out by Petromin, will produce around two million barrels per year when it is com-

pleted in two years.
The United Arah Emirates (UAE), another key Gulf oil producer, has also embarked on projects to expand its two refineries. The \$80 million project will push capacity to

around 205,000 b/d from 185,000 b/d. The projects in the Gulf are part of overall expansion plans in the energy sector to face growing domestic and world demand.

The bulk of the increase in oil capacity will come from four Gulf nations, which sit on more than 550 billion harrels, accounting for around 55 per cent of the world's total proven crude

According to the Dammam-based Arah Petrolenm Investment Corporation, energy expansion projects in the Arab World are estimated to cost around \$93 billion by 2000.

The figure includes \$19 billion for refining and \$47 billion for gas liquefaction.
Outside the Gulf, Egypt is

planning to build a new refin-

the training of an indigenous

labour force to replace fore-

The GCC states should

also focus on export-oriented

industries, especially since most member states had now

joined the General Agree-

edge in other markets, such

Mr. Hubeika said the GCC

as petrochemicals."

ign workers, he said.

Another refinery is planned in Sinai with capacity of

150,000 b/d. In Lebanon, the government has approved a project to repair a refinery in the northern port of Tripoli at a cost of \$100 million. The project also includes boosting its capacity to 50,000 b/d from 20,000 b/d.

The refinery and another key unit in the southern port of Zahrani were badly dam. aged during the 15-year civil war that ended in 1990.

Oman has no local expansion plans but it has signed an agreement with the Indian Bharat Petroleum Corp. Ltd to bnild a 120,000-b/d. capacity refinery in the Indian central town of Biha at a cost of \$1.72 billion.

The OAPEC study showed Arab states had 59 refineries in 1993, of which 47 are based in OAPEC. The organisation also accounts for more than 85 per cent of the total Arab refining output.

the legal frameworks to ex-

pand the role of the private

sector," he concluded

World Bank bullish

reforms, but said more needed to be done to transform this into greater invest-

here said in a statement that an assessment it carried out highlights the growing confidence of the private sector in the Philiopine economy."

"This reflects to a large degree the government's success in restoring macroeconomic stability, the progeconomy and the efforts

The hank cited new business opportunities through Manila's privatisation programme and the encouragement of private investment in

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Arah Gulf states should copy the development experience of Japan and other Asian economic giants if they want to achieve adequate growth in non-oil sectors, a former World Bank expert said Sun-

The six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) already has a developed infrastructure and other advantages absent in those Asian nations before they started to record the fastest growth rates in the world in the early 1960s, Luweis Hnbeika wrote in the United Arah Emirates (UAE) daily Al Khaleej.

Mr. Hnbeika, who served as a senior Middle East economy expert for several years

Arab Gulf states urged to learn from Asian economic tigers which were almost absent in

Japan, Taiwan, Singapore, Thailand, South Korea, Hong Kong, Indonesia and Malaysia as the principal Asian economic giants.

He said the eight nations registered an annual growth rate of 5.5 per cent between 1965 and 1990, compared with 2.3 per cent in most industrialised countries, 0.2 per cent in Africa and 1.8 per cent in the Middle East and Latin America. "Gulf states could benefit

from the Asian experience. Actually they can set out from an even stronger base, which is the existence of an excellent infrastructure and enormous financial capabilities and natural resources

those Asian tigers," he said. Citing studies by the World Bank and other international institutions, he attributed the economic success of the Asian tigers to political and social stability, strong gov-ernments with clear develop-

ment strategies, the building

of a modern infrastructure,

intensive training and educa-

tion programmes and wise financial policies. He praised the policy of concentrating on the indust-rial sector, which surged from 32 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP) in 1965 to 45

per cent in 1990. Other factors behind their success included efficient

industries attracted by the

reforms may not create many

new jobs hecause of in-

creased automation and effi-

management and manpower, control of budget deficits, and heavy investment in export-oriented industries.

Mr. Hnbeika said the GCC states - Saudi Arabia, Knwait, Oman, Qatar, Bahrain and the UAE could follow the example of the Asian tigers in pursuing an industrial policy aimed at reducing reliance on unstable oil earnings, which still provide more than 80 per cent of total GCC income.

"GCC states are also seeking to tackle their budget deficits and they now enjoy political, economic and social stability," he said.

The success of any foture economic moves hinged on

So the government must

find other ways to create jobs, particularly in huilding

the major road network and

other infrastructure needed

for the country to succeed.

ment on Tariffs and Trade development. GCC states (GATT). "The focus should be on products which could should follow the example of give GCC state a competitive

HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR MONDAY SEPTEMBER 12, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Be more direct where monetary matters are concerned, especially where benefactors and family associates are a factor. Be careful of one who has an eye on your ssets or wants to borrow from you.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Find the best way to get out of some confusing condition in the morning and later you can study new interests, but don't commit yourself as yet.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Don't be too generous with friends today. Your feelings could have you quite mixed up if you don't use

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Take norming. You will find that your friends are not available when you need them. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Avoid someone in the morning who wants to interfere with your job. Wait until later to discuss ideas with your boss.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Arguing with one in trade could get you into trouble in the morning. You would rather be less dependent upon others but be gracious about it.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Don't argue with a partner and avoid trouble in the morning. You have to be more tactful and diplomatic with others around you to avoid problems.

IBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Altho delays, keep busy at tasks. Perseverence is the keynote now to your success at whatever is your endeavour.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Don't irk your mate in any way in the morning. Take any health treatments which you may need. Become a more dynamic individual.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Help a close tie who may be disturbed about some matter in the morning. Recreation may be too costly, so forget it. Strive to have greater

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Be calm in any conversations with others. Don't drive if it isn't necessary. Use care with all your financial affairs today.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Do not begin the week with lavish spending or unwise investments. Think about how you can increase your income. Be happy in the evening.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Don't try to be forceful in gaining your aims in the morning. Analyse your position. Know what it you want in life and strive to achieve it.

Birthstone of September: Saphhire -- Lapis Lazulli

on the Philippines

MANILA (AFP) — The ress made in liberalising the World Bank has praised Phii ppine President Fidel Ramos for boosting private-sector confidence with key ment and growth.

The World Bank office

made in dealing the pervasive infrastructural constraints. particularly power," the The Philippine economy

grew by a surprising 4.84 per cent in the first quarter of 1994 and even higher growth figures are widely expected for the whole of this year.

"exit policy" governing labour relations was unlikely to be introduced before the latest round of elections is completed in early 1996.

But he said a national debate should be opened up. "I don't think there can be just an exit policy," he said. We have to create alternative jobs, to improve social infrastructure, have better pension plans.

The country's top commercial banker said trade unions had to be reassured that changes in India's rigid labour laws would help create jobs rather than erode them.

"How many companies don't hire staff because they are afraid they will become permanent?" he asked. "We must move away from this

fear complex." "Rigidities in the labour market are coming in the way of creating jobs," he said.

India has introduced sweeping economic reforms

since Prime Minister P.V.

Narasimha Rao came to power in mid-1991, dismantling four decades of socialist-style controls, lowering trade harriers and floating the rupee.

But the ruling Congress Party has failed to reform pro-worker labour legislation, which most industrialists believe gives excessive joh security, for fear of the impact at the polls.

"I don't think a lot of fundamental issues will be raised before the election and that is understandable," said Mr. Basu. Assembly elections in 10

Indian states will be held between December and March. National elections must he held hefore June Finance Minister Man-

mohan Singh says reform must be tempered by political realism. He has decided to leave reform of labour legislation until the economy picks up, and more jobs are being created.

He has set up a fund to help those made redundant in the huge state sector. India has 237 state companies of which 104 are loss-making.

Officially, India has around 40 million or 13 per cent unemployed out of a workforce of 300 million. But millions more have only parttime jobs, very low incomes, or are not recorded in Indian

Foreign investors, particularly the Japanese, say an exit policy is essential for attracting strong capital flows into the country. Overseas want to avoid complex legal procedures if factories need to be closed or workers laid off.

While the government has embarked on a process of selling off up to 49 per cent of state companies, it has avoided the large-scale retrenchment that the World Bank says is needed for some loss-making enterprises.

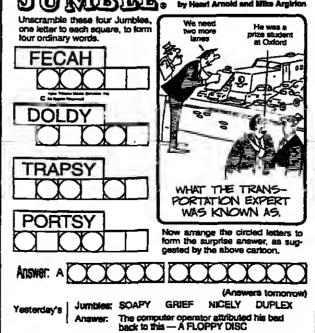


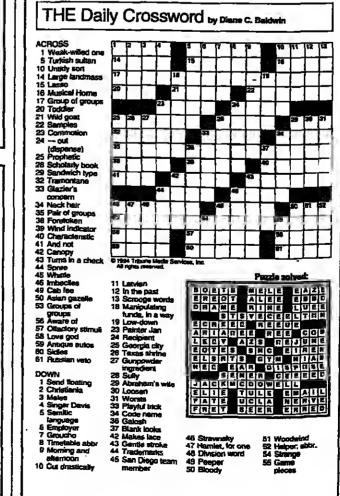
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"I can eat whatever I want if I watch comedy shows. Laughing burns off the extra calories!"





India bank chief calls for revamp of labour laws

SOMBAY (R) — India must introduce laws making it easier to hire and fire workers as part of its sweeping economic reforms, the head of the country's largest hank

Dipankar Basu, chairman of the State Bank of India (SBI), told Reuters in a weekend interview that the reform programme would be weakened and international investors deterred unless India tackled the thorny prob-

less of overmanning.
"The only way that Indian industry can become efficient is by balancing its work-force," said Mr. Basu, whose bank employs 225,000 peo-

Mr. Basu recognised that introduction of what in India hecome known as an

Jordan Times Tel: 667171

Mutt'n'Jeff







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THESE DAYS?







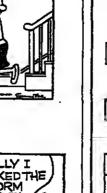
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and representation of service against the trade of Secretary of the secret states, which control more than 40 per cent of the world's oil, should also revise subsidies and other domestic A STATE OF THE STA economic policies and allow the private sector to play a leading role in development, "The private sector can play a major part in economic those Asian stars in finding



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Foreign Exchange Market Summary (September 5 - September 9, 1994)

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AMMAN — The dollar depreciated against the mark and sterling at the end of last week, while remaining constant against the yeu. It ended 1.14 per cent lower against the mark and 0.32 per cent

After New York closed for an official holiday Monday 5-9-1994, the dollar retreated against other major currencies Tuesday. It declined after U.S. treasuries fell on fears of rising inflationary pressures in the U.S. The dollar also lost ground in view of two comments concerning the U.S.-Japan trade talks. The dollar also suffered a set back on the back of renewed talk of a two-tier European monetary union, which led previously to a flow of funds to the mark, given its position as the currency of the head country in the first monetary union, according to suggestsions by the German government. During earlier trading hours, however, the U.S. unit gained ground on the back of a rise of 4.4 per cent in U.S. retail sales during the first week of this month.

The dollar rose against other major currencies Wednesday. It gained ground against other major currencies Wednesday. It gained ground against the yen in view of renewed expectations of progess in U.S.-Japan trade talks, which occurred after some officials in the U.S. administration expressed optimism in achieving progress before the end of this mouth. On the other hand, the dolair appreciated against the mark in view of a statement by a Bundesbank council member. Who said that there is room for further German interest rate cuts, despite the good economic progress achieved by his country since the beginning of the year.

The U.S. unit continued its rise against other major currencies Thursday, in view of two statemeots by an official in the U.S. administration and a Bundesbank council member, Bowman Cutter a senior Clinton administrate official, expressed his government's desire for a stronger dollar. The second statement came from the Bundesbank's council Hans Juergen, who said that the dollar is currently undervalued against the mark.

The dollar depreciated sharply against other major currencies Friday, especially against European currencies. It declined after U.S. stock and bond prices fell on renewed fears of inflationary pressures in the U.S. Bond prices retreated sharply after the release to the U.S. producer price index showing a rise of 0.6 per cent in August, its biggest monthly gain in nearly four years.

The U.S. unit, thus ended the week at 1.5374 marks, 99.18 years. and at \$1.5525 to the pound sterling.

J.S. Dollar			
Currency	2/9/1994 Close	9 '9: 1994 Close	Percent Change
Sterling Pound	1.5475	1.5505	0.32 \$
Deutsche Mark	1.5550	1.5374	1.14 \$
Swiss Franc	1.3065	1.2807	2.01 %
French Franc	5.3255	5.2655	1.14 \$
Japanese Yen	99.13	99.18	{0.05 }

	_		
Ezro-Cu	rency	Incerest	Rates

	2/9/1994		9/9/1994	
Currency	-Month: *at	1-Year (%)	-N eath :"-1	l-Year (%)
U.S. Dollar	4.02	5.62	4.62	5.50
Sterling Pound	4.81	6.75	4.87	6.37
Deutsche Mark	4.68	5.25	4.75	5.25
Swiss Franc	3.93	4.56	. 3.87	4.56
French Franc	5.25	6.12	5.37	6.25
Japanese Yen	2.37	2.59	2.31	2.50

Date: 11/9/1994

Josephank hid rates for amounts exceeding (.5 Hollars) one, sold or equivale Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Rulletin

Bid	Offer
0.6950	0.6970
1.0778	1.0832
0.4518	0.4541
0.5420	0.5447
0.1319	0.1326
0.7004	0.7039
0.4031	0.4051
****	*****
0.0444	0.0445
******	*****
	0.6950 1.0778 0.4518 0.5420 0.1319 0.7004 0.4031

Cairo plan of action urges restructuring North-South budgets

By Mariam M. Shahin in Cairo nmark.

CAIRO - Twenty-year development goals being spel-led out at the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD). including universal access to family planning, information and services, call for the restructuring of North-South budgets since they carry a heavy price tag - \$17 billion annually by the year 2000 says the now deferred article 13.15 of the Cairo Plan of Action.

With millions of dollars spent on the convening of the ICPD, the task of the United Nations now is to convince the members of the world body to apply a programme dedicated to raising \$17 billion to carry out the Cairo Plan of Action by the year

A financial plan of action to raise the \$17 billion is being advanced by the U.N. Children's Fund UNICEF. the U.N. Development Fund and the U.N. Population Fund UNFPA. Last week the proposal was deferred for further discussion until next year's World Summit on Social Development in De- a restructuring of national

Of the \$17 billion, 65 per cent is earmarked for the delivery system, some \$10 billion is for family planning and \$5 billion for reproductive bealth. The figure does not include expeoditure for basic education, bealth, wa-

ter and sanitation. According to the U.N., existing expenditures total between \$5-6 billion.

With all good will, the chances of soccess are dubious, say members of the U.N. organising committee. The Main Committee of the ICPD reached an agreement oo funding for the Cairo Programme of Action, one third of which is to be met by donor countries," one of the U.N. organisers of the ICPD told the Jordan Times this week.

"But nonetheless the United Nations' attempt to get agreement from both the developing and developed countries to get what has become known as the 20/20 formula seems unlikely," said the organiser who attended the main committee meetings which are closed to the press.

The 20/20 formula is in fact

and assistance budgets whereby 20 per cent of all developmental assistance (from developing donor nations) would be committed to social spending and one in which developing countries would spend 20 per cent of their budgets on social spend-

The 20/20 proposal will now be considered at the Social Development Summit in Copenhagen next spring.

Richard Jolly, Deputy Execurive Director of UNICEF, a main promoter of the 20/20 formula says "restructure" spending priorities to in-crease the proportion of resources going to the high priority of the ICPD agenda.

The split on the 20/20 proposal cuts across North-South lines with countries like Sweden and Malaysia opposing and countries like Japan, Austria, Norway, Denmark and most African countries

supporting the proposal.

But while most African countries strongly supported the inclusion of the 20/20 clause. Algeria which heads the Group of 77 (now 130) preferred postponing the 20/ 20 debate till Copenhagen. Most countries of the South

allocate less than 10 per cent of their budgets on social

speoding, says the U.N.
A study released by one of some 4100 non-governmental organisations participating in the Cairo summit indicates that donors would bave to increase their funding sevenfold to reach their goals.

The Population Action International. PAI, study says that to reach \$17 billion by the year 2000, the current \$800 million in aid given annually would have to be multiplied by seven. Developing countries on the other band, says the study will have to double their spending of \$7.8 per year.

That means that annually some \$11-12 billion "extra"

will bave to raised. The "brunt of the financial burden," as one African delegate put it, will be "borne by countries in the developing world."

According to Susan Davis wbo heads the Women's Caucus of the Nongovernmental groups at the ICPD "\$17 billion is worth two weeks of world military spending - it can be raised if there is a commitment and a

to get close to EU Polish market wants

SWINOUJSCIE, Poland (R) - While ministers debate about "deepening" or "widening" the European Union (EU), the hawkers of Swinoujscie just want to get as

close to Western prosperity

as they can. Jolanta Wolinska is as near as possible here on the Polish-German border. Her cigarette stall is only 150 yards from the frontier and she's doing a roaring busi-

Behind her stretches a line of makeshift stalls about

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"I sell a carton of Marlboros for 17 Deutschemarks (\$11), they cost about 45 marks (\$29) or more in Germany," she said as she sold carton after carton. "The Germans bave lots of

Even east Germany looks well-off from here. Usedom's resorts are now almost as smart as those in west Germany. Swinoujscie, once a thriving port, is now a drah town of potholed streets and

money."

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to shop there are the clearest signs of the sharp drop in prosperity at the eastern edge of the EU.

Germany brought a meeting of EU foreign ministers to the Baltic island of Usedom just west of the border this weekend to underline how urgently it wants countries like Poland to be brought into the EU and the "wealth gap" overcome.

The post-cold war opening of borders has brought with it waves of crime, smuggling and migration from the struggling East to the rich West. Germans say the Polish economy has to come up towards Western levels before the flow will stop.

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Poles in this busy market say they want to join the EU hut are puzzled by issues like an ioformal German proposal to form a "core Europe" that will integrate faster than

other members. To them, a two-speed Europe already exists — the EU is in high gear and the former communist states in

"People here want to get into the European Union as quickly as possible," Marek Jarosz said at his stall piled high with sweaters and fur hats. "They think their living standard will go up to German levels within a few

Mr. Jarosz, a student working for the summer, said the average border merchant could earn about 1,000 marks (\$645) a month, far higher than the 350 marks (322) average at outdoor markets elsewhere.

In a good summer month. he said, earnings can go up to 1.500 marks (\$970), a sum that is a fat wage for a Pole hut just reaches the normal monthly pension a retired worker in eastern Germany

The local newspaper in Swinoujscie publisbes daily figures for the number of Germans who stroll across the border from the resorts of Usedom, an island whose eastern tip was given to Poland in 1945. The average is over 6,000.

Arab Gulf states setting up new water heater :: plants

ĀBU DHABI (AFP) — Arab Gulf states are setting up new plants to produce water heaters although production at existing projects is running far below capacity.

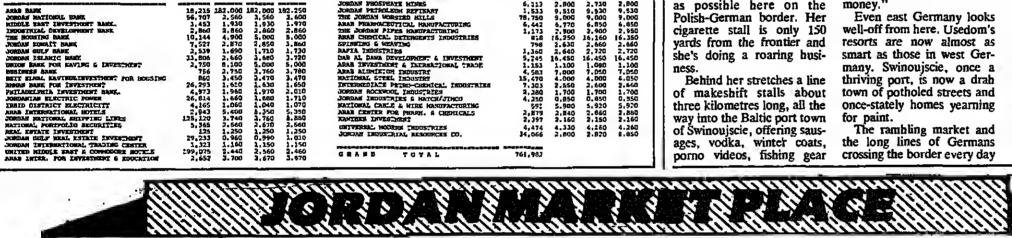
an official study has said. The six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states, which control more than 40 per cent of the world's oil, are investing around 590 million in the new projects, most of which are based in Saudi Arabia. said the study by the Dohabased Gulf Organisation for Industrial Consultancy (GOIC).

Investment in existing plants has totalled nearly \$1.6 billion and their designed capacity is estimated at 1.3 million heaters per year. according to the study, carried by the official Emirates news agency WAM. But actual production does

not exceed 710,000 units per year, accounting for only 54 per cent of the capacity, it said, hlaming poor technolo-

GCC states - Saudi Arabia. Kuwait. Oatar. Bahrain, Oman and the United Arab Emirares (UAE) — have launched an industrial drive to diversify their economies and lessen dependence on unstable oil earnings, which still provide more than 80 per cent of their national income.

But industries have remained confined to light and medium products such as foodstuffs, clothes and textiles, cement, home appliances, medicine, paper. auto spare parts and small machinery.



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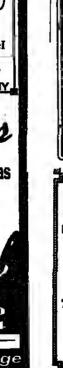
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Privalova helps Europe to victory

LONDON (AP) — Running as a last-minute substitute, Irina Privalova of Russia became the most successful athlete at this year's World Cup with a come-frombehind victory on the homstretch Sunday in the 400

Privalova, who specialises in shorter distances, trailed African record-holder Fatima Yosuf of Nigeria and world bampion Jean Miles of the United States at the 300-metre mark before overhauling the pair to take the race in 50.62. Yusuf clocked 50.80 and Miles ws third in 51.24.

"Of course I'm tired. but because I'm a sprinter I can run the last 100 metres faster than the others," said Privalova, who also won the 100 metres on Saturday and was second in the 200 on Friday. The Euorpean 100- and

200-metres champion, Privalova answered the call to run in the 400 when European champion Marie-Jose Perec of France withdrew with a leg injury.
"My coach told me last

night at 10 'clock I was going to run, and I said "Okay, not?" said the Russian, who said her only previous 400metres race was as part of a

relay team.
Privalova scored 23 points over the weekend to help European women to a runaway victory in the three-day. finals-only team event.

Europe, the overwhelming favourite coming into the competition, took the World Cup women's title with 111 points. The Americans finished second with 98 and Germany third with 79. Also as expected. Africa

took the men's title, overcoming a late charge from Britain which included world champion Frankie Fredericks' defeat to John Regis in the men's 200.

Running in lane one, Regis, silver medallist to the Namibian at last year's worlds, effectively won the race at the start when he was the fastest runner out of the blocks and Fredericks the

Fredericks was unable to

Hill wins Italy's Monza car race It was a rare defeat on the track for Africa, which pick-

> MONZA, Italy (AP) — Damon Hill put himself back in the Formula One world championship race Sunday. beating Gerhard Berger by 4.9 seconds to win the Italian Grand Prix and cut idle Michael Schumacher's stand-

ings lead virtually in half. IT was the seventh career victory for the British Williams-Renault driver, who celebrated his 34th hirthday last Sunday, and his second straight at Monza. After pole sitter and early

front runner Jean Alesi was eliminated on the 15th lap because of transmission problems, Hill got past Berger midway through and then held off a late charge from the Britain on the last lap.

The victory chopped Schumacher's 21-point leald over Hill coming into the race to 11. Schumacher was forced to sit this race — and will be out of the Portuguese Grand Prix

right to a fair hearing."

letter public.

weeks.

amination.

they require.

But the IAAF criticised the

Modahl camp for making the

Spokesman Christopher

Winner said: "It has exacer-

hated the already ahnormal

circumstances surrounding

"We are attempting to re-spect the confidentiality rules

which have been so regularly

The IAAF has no choice

shartered in the past few

hut to refer the letter to its

own legal advisers for ex-

"Unfortunately, rather than helping expedite the

process, this in fact retards it.

The athlete and the British

federation will recieve all the

time and the information

same time to ensure that ev-

cry piece of data regarding

this case is air-tight.

But we too require the

in two weeks - following his race han for ignoring a hlack flag at Silverstone.

Berger only managed second place after the engine in the second Williams driven by David Coulthard suddenly died on the last curve — the Parabolica. Coulthard was running second hut watched Berger and three others flash

Coulthard finished sixth while the second place gave the throng of Italian Ferrari fans some small consolation after Alexi had to park his

Finland's Mika Hakkinen was third in his McLaren-Peugeot, 25.6 seconds behind Hill, who completed 53 laps or 307.4 kilometre (191.009 miles) race in 1 hour, 18 minutes, 2.754 seconds at an average speed of 236.322 kph (146.875 mph).

Cezanne in **Group One** glory

LEOPARDSTOWN, Ireland (R) — Gutsy colt Cezanne. who started the season in handicaps, progressed to Group One glory Saturday with a narrow victory in the

Irish Champion Stakes. a neck in a thrilling finish.

John Gosden, who trains Del Deya, the mount of Frankie Dettori, also saddled Muhtarram, the other joint favourite, who crossed the line in third place at the end of the 10 furlong (2-km) test.

But 1993 winner Muhtarram and jockey Willie Carson were judged to have humped Grand Lodge, the mount of Cash Asmussen, and were relegated to fourth place in favour of Grand Lodge.

I was directly behind Cezan-ne until he drifted to the left and that left a gap which I went for hut was certainly not helped by Grand Lodge.

wound by banning me as well

Michael Stoute, made the most of the yielding ground to win for the third time in his last four outings.
Newmarket-based Stoute

was at Doncaster where Sacrament, his fancied runner in the St. Leger, flopped badly, but Cezanne's success was a handsome recompense.

The trainer's racing manager Simon Crisford said: Cezanne continues to improve all the time. We knew he was a special horse when he won five times in Dubai over the winter and he proved himself once more

Patiently ridden by higrace specialist Michael Kinane, Cezanne 17-2) edged out 11-4 joint favourite and long-time leader Del Deya by

Unhappy Carson was handed a three-day suspension but said: "It's ridiculous.

"I was third on merit, and they have rubbed salt into the as denying my horse third prize, which he won on

Cezanne, trained by

Perth.

ROME (AFP) — Allegations of doping against China's women swimmers are the product of western jealousy and anti-Asian racism, according to one of the men behind the country's great leap forward in the sport.

"The doping problem is political now," national coach Zhou Ming said after watching his 4×100m medley relay team smash two world records in one race Saturday 'Sport has traditionally

been an area in which the West has dominated and they just cannot tolerate Asians being good in sport.

"Economically we are still behind but it is only a matter of time before we catch up. It's the same in sport." Zhou also claimed that the

doping claims - fuelled by the parallels between China's sudden emergence as a swimming superpower and East Germany's pharmaceutically-driven rise in the 1970s were based on ignorance of China as a society and the new training methods de-veloped by Chinese coaches. "As a coach I travel around the world and we are always asked questions about doping," he said. "I can say that western critics know hardly anything about the training going on in China. They just make guesses.

have taken place in China over the last few years." The presence of some doping in Chinese swimming has been confirmed by positive tests this year for Zhong Weiyue and Ren Xin, both top class international com-

petitions. But the men's times have improved a lot over recent years and I'm sure over the next three to

> All the evidence, however, sugests the Chinese men have got a long march ahead of

While the women went into Sunday's last night of finals with nine of the 13 swimming golds to have been decided, the men have yet to get within a splash of a medal

Saturday's medley relay triumph was the perfect illustration of the Chinese strength in depth that has prompted predictions of a clean sweep of all the women's golds at the Atlanta Olympics two years from

The oldest of the four swimmers, Le Jingyi, is only 19. Three of the four — Le. He Cihong (who broke the 100m backstroke record on the opening leg) and Liu
Limin (fly) — had already
won individual golds in their
respective specialities, only a
world record by Australia's Samantha Riley prevented 16-year-old Dai Guohong doing the same in the breast-

As well as He's record on the only leg which counts for individual records - the relay saw Le clocked 53.81sec for the closing 100m free, comfortably inside the world record of 54.01 she set last

Saturday's finals also saw Lu Bin, who twice west under existing world records only to finish with silver in the 100m and 200m freestyle, finally strike gold with victory in the 200m individual med-

Russian sprint Tsar Alexander Popov, once again up-staged by the Chinese women, claimed his own second and Russia's fourth gold in the 50m free.

Popov's win in the onelength dash, in a time of 22.17sec, means he now has 50m and 100m world titles to go with his two Olympic

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you hold:

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South West North East
1 ? Pass 1 4 Pass
2 4 Pass 2 NT Pass

What do you bid now?

994 7J9762 A1085 \$K7
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 \$\Percept{0}\$ Pass 1 \$\times\$ Pass
2 What do you bid now?

♠K10875 "Void : K984 ♠Q863

Q.6-As South, vuinerable, yo ♠K10875 TVoid \K984 #Q86 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West DЫ What action do you take?

Modahl camp hits out at IAAF Morton-Hooper claims me reflects either an unwillingness or an inability to do so and therefore is a failure which prejudices my client's

of David McKenzie.

20.55 to Regis' 20.45.

ed up another victory when Brahim Lahlafi of Algeria

won the 4,000 in 13 minutes,

Africa took the World Cup

Tony Jarrett scored

another victory for the home

team in the 110-metre hur-

dles as he more than made up

for the absence of his team-

mate, world and Olympic

champion Colin Jackson, Jar-

rett led from start to finish,

Jarrett, runnerup to Jack-son at the World Cham-

pionships, European Cham-

pionships and Common-

wealth Games, was called up last week when Jackson with-

drew with a stomach virus.

Steve Backley, whose throw

of 85.02 metre (278 feet-11

inches) took the javelin, and

the 1600-metre relay quartet

the rest of the B sample to

Modahl, whose testoster-

Modahl's medical advisers.

one ratio registered 42 times

greater than average, has

been suspended pending a

prepare her case for the hear-

ing," says Morton-Hooper in

his letter. "In order to pre-

pare and conduct that case

she is entitled to have hasic

material and relevant facts

and others to answer straight-

"The failure by the IAAF

"My client has the right to

BAF hearing.

estalished.

Other British winners were

clocking 13.23.

with 116 points to Britain

111 and the Americas' 95.

LONDON (R) — Diane Modahl's lawyer has claimed her right to a fair hearing is being prejudiced by what she sees as a failure by the athletics world governing body to answer 'straightforward quested was: questions.'

Details of a letter, sent to the chairman of the International Amateur Athletic Federation's (IAAF) medical Modahl's sample given after committee, Professor Arne Ljungvist, by the British athlete's solicitor Anthony Morton-Hooper, were made public Sunday.

But the IAAF hit hack immediately, regretting what it interpreted as another breach of confidentiality. Modahl was sent home

from the Commonwealth Games last month after failing a drugs test in June. She has since been_suspended from athletics pending a full

Sunday he sent faxes to the general sccretary of the IAAF Sept. 2 and 6 hut has yet to receive a reply.

Among the information re-

 Up-to-date accreditations of the sampling officer in charge and of the laboratory in Lisbon which tested

a meeting in June. - Full details of the entire chain of custody of the sample with supporting documentation.

- An explanation of the delay between June 18 when the sample was taken and Aug. 24 when the British Athletic Federation (BAF) first received notification of test result.

The LAAF have also been asked to disclose full test results following analysis of the B sample and to deliver

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Sievinen sets record at World **Swimming Championships**

ROME (Agencies) — Fin-land's Jam Sievinen set a world record for the 200 indi-vidual medley at the World Swimming Championships Meanwhile, the United Sunday, swimming 1-58.16 to beat the 3-year-old mark of

1:59.36 set by Tamas Darnyi at the last championships in team event Sunday. Led by Becky Dyroen Lan-Sievenin was inside the world mark when he reached

halfway, after the butterfly and backstroke legs, in 56.61 with American competitor Greg Burgess in pursuit, 0.35 The Finn, who was second

when U.S. swimmer Tom Dolan broke Darnyt's 400 medley record on Tuesday. increased his lead down the breaststroke leg and was well clear at the finish. Burgess took the silver medal in 2:00.86 and Hungary's Attila Czere collected

States completed a clean sweep of synchronised swim-ming at the championships when they took gold in the

cer, who won the solo event and then the duet with Jill Sudduth earlier this week, the U.S. put on a riveting performance to Spanish flamenco music to earn I1 perfect 10s for a total of 185.884 points.

Canada, who took bronze in the solo and duet events behind Japan, scored 183.263 to snatch silver from Japan, who totalled 183.215. Russia

On Saturday, Olympic champions Italy beat Spain 10-5 to take the gold medal in the men's water polo.

ports

Russia snatched the bronze from Croatia but lived dangerously before mounting

a dramatic comeback in extra time to win 14-13. Italy led 3-2 after the first period and then coasted to victory with thousands of home fans cheering them on.

They scored five unanswered goals in the second period before protecting the leed with the help of goal keeper Francesco Attolico. Italy beat Spain in the final

at the 1992 Barcelona Olympics after three donble periods of extra time.

Angry Chinese coach blasts West over doping allegations

But while international federation officials privately express concern that these simply represent the tip of a four years you'll see them doping iceberg, testing of gold medal winners and having the same success as their female counterparts." world record breakers at the Barcelona Olympics, the world shortcourse championships last year, and, so

Western coaches are open-ly dismissive of Zhou's suggestion that China might have outstripped them in the quality of their swimming training.

far, here in Rome, has failed

to produce a solitary positive

"I would like not to be convinced about doping, British coach Dave Haller. who was one of the first to raise the issue when he was in charge of Hong Kong at the Asian Games in 1990,

"I just can't see any other way to come from oblivion to total domination of the world in such a short space of time. It has all the hallmarks of East Germany unfortunate-

The revolutionary training argument is also difficult to square with the Chinese men's dismal lack of success. Zhou, however, argues it is

only a matter of time before

the men start to match their training partners. "In terms of stature our They're not aware of the women are closer to westertremendous changes that ners than the men. Then the fact that they train with the men is probably more benefi-

cial for them than for the men," Zbou said. "There also might be a psychological problem because the men are not used to

winning international com-

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U.S. baseball players, owners continue talks

NEW YORK (R) — Striking Major League Baseball play-ers and owners met in small groups Saturday but there was no sign of significant progress towards settling their contract dispute and saving the 1994 season.

As the strike entered its fifth week, negotiations were also in a limbo period between the passing of a Friday deadline set by acting com-missioner Bud Selig and an announcement he said he would make early next week about the test of the season and postseason.

The Chicago Tribune reported Saturday that Selig, owner of the Milwaukee Brewers, had already decided to cancel the rest of the season and would make the official announcement Monday in Milwaukee.

Players' union chief Donald Fehr said he was not involved in any of Saturday's meetings but I was told no-thing of significance happened. That's about it. We're waiting for whatever day next week Bud decides to make

The owners chief nego-tiator, Richard Ravitch, also was not involved in the talks. He attended the U.S. Open tennis tournament.

Said the Toronto Blue Jays' veteran player Paul Molitor: "Until they tell us the curtain has been absolutely pulled down on this season I'm going to try to maintain the perspective that if we continue to try to push ideas maybe something even-

tually will fly.
"While the hope is minimal I think that's your obligation. to continue to try to do that despite the rumours saying

that the season indeed will be closed on Monday." Atlanta Braves official Stan Kasten said: "I don't know if these meetings are over or not, but everyone has been aletted to go back again Monday. Players said the meetings

focused on player benefits and did not deal with the salary cap dispute which is the major stumbling block the negotiations. The players have said they cannot accept a limit on salaries.

RACJ organises rallytour Friday

AMMAN (J.T.) — The third round of the Zanussi Rallytour will be held Friday Sept. 16, 1994. This round is one of four rounds of rallytour sponsored by Zanussi during 1994. Registration to compete will be open until 9 p.m. Wednesday Sept. 14 and drivers briefing on the rallytour will be held at 7:00 p.m. Wednesday whereas the list of competitors will be announced Tnursday.

The rallytour is part of

Jordan's 1994 Drivers Championship, The winner of the first place will get 16 points whereas the second and third will get 13.5 points and 12 points respectively. The Royal Auto-mobile Club of Jordan (RACJ) said it welcomes Jordanians and veteran drivers to compete in the rallytour especially since it will be held on paved public roads within legal speed limits and no modifications on standard cars are required to qualify the cars.

Sanchez Vicario overcomes first-set rout to beat Graf, take U.S. Open crown

NEW YORK (AP) — Arant-xa Sanchez Vicario's nevergive-up attitude turned a first-set threashing into a three-set victory Saturday and her first U.S. Open women's singles cham-

pionship. The scrambling Sanchez Vicario blunted the vaunted power of Graf to become the first Spanish woman to win the U.S. title 1-6, 7-6, (7-3).

"She played more aggressive at times than I did," Graf "She is somebody who tries for every point, evenif she's down, like today.

"She never gives up. The energetic Sanchez Vicario didn't give up Satur-day until she had won her second Grand Slam title this year. She captured the French Open in June. Graf's only Grand Slam tournament win in 1994 was the Austra-

lian Open in January. "I'm happy I'm there," Sanchez Vicario said. "I won two Grand Slams but I'm still no. 2 and Steffi is still no. 1" on the computer rankings.

Two Spanish men ---Manuel Santana in 1965 and Manuel Orantes in 1975 — have won the U.S. men's singles. The victory also gives Spain three of the four Grand Slam women's titles this year. Conchita Martinez won Wimbledon in July.

The victory was worth \$550,000 to Sanchez Vicario, the biggest payday in tennis and equal to the men's prize money.

Graf, who won here on the hardcourts of the National Tennis Centre last year. appeared as if she would breeze to her fourth U.S. Open crown. She roared through the opening set in just 22 minutes, winning 20 of the 24 points in the last four games. Sanchez Vicario made the mistake of trading big strokes with one of the

biggest hitters in women's tennis, and she paid for it. The Spaniard had only one winner in the first set while committing 10 unforced

Graf, however, wasn't just good; she hit every line, and usually the outside of the line, as she rotted up game after game. In the 1 th game, for example, her backhand service return skidded off the baseline for a winner to make it 15-40. She closed out the break on the next point when her service return, which hit right at the baseline, was

"She was playing very welt and I was a little bit tentative." Sanchez Vicario said of the opening set.

returned long.

But it wasn't her luck that changed. It was the way Sanchez Vicario changed her tactics and began forcing the issue instead of trading thunderbolts from the baseline.

'In the second set. I started makign some easy mistakes." Graf said.

Sanchez Vicario moved the ball around the court, slicing it, dicing it, sometimes hitting topspin, never giving Graf the same type of ball twice, trying to keep the German's feared forehand from becoming the dominant weapon it usually is.

It worked, instead of hitting winners. Graf started pounding out unforced errors. She finished with 46 unforced errors, 10 more than Sanchez Vicario. And while Graf had only eight unforced errors in the opening set, she had 19 in each of the next two.

After trading service breaks in the third and fourth games of the second set, the two battled into a tiebreak after Graf staved off three set points to hold serve in the 10th game.

Again the two women

in the tiebreaker - at one point, four consecutive points went against serve. But San-chez Vicario, helped by two Graf unforced errors, built a 6-3 lead, then pulled even when Graf buried a forehand in the borrom of the net for

yet another unforced error. The tempo picked up in the final set. There were breaks of service in the first, second, fifth and sixth games. Afer they held — Graf at 30, Sanchez Vicario at 15 — it was time for Graf 10 serve

This time, Sanchez Vicario smash pulled her even at 15-all. She won the next point, then the next when she rifled a forehand down that line that Graf got a racket on, but couldn't control. When Graf double-faulted. Sanchez Vicario had the final service break she needed and a 5-4

Graf, who aggravated her injured back in the eighth game of the middle set, didn't go away quietly. She fought off two match points and twice had break point.

But Saturday, it was Sanchez Vicario who captured the trophy and the bigger check. This time, it was Graf who sailed a backhand long on the third match point. "I think it was a close match, which is why the people got excited and into it." Graf said. "It wasn't an ex-

ceptional level, a great It was only the fifth loss

this year for Graf, but three of them came in Grand Slam tournaments. It ws the sixth time the two have met this year and the third time Sanchez Vicario has won. Ironically. Graf's three wins have been in straight sets while Sanchez Vicario has won the third time they have played



Arantxa Sanchez Vicario

Top seeds pull through 1st day's play at Forte Grand

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AMMAN (J.T.) - An im- strong for their opponents. pressive line-up of the best international players in Amman began their weeklong fight for the champion's titles at the Forte Grand Diplomatic Tennis Tournament Saturday.

First to play was 4th seed Eihab Shehadeh who proved his ranking by eliminating new-comer Domingo Jimenez in straight sets.

Top seeds Fredrick Detrez. Tae in Lee and Terry Zimmermann pulled through the first round with ease, each proving too

and garden.

The match which proved the crowd puller of the day was fought between non seeds Alistair Philip and Mazher Al Jazirah who were determined to entertain the spectators with dazzling play that sent cheers around the court for the British victor Alistair

Second day's play starts at 4:00 p.m. tomorrow and promises to add more excitement in the early stages of the Forte Grand tourna-

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Agassi, Stich reach U.S. Open final

Andre Agassi moved within a match of becoming only the third unseeded player ever to win the U.S. Open tennis championships here Saturday with a semifinal victory ver ninth-seeded Todd Mart 1.

Agassi, who came into the Open unseeded for the first time in seven years, beat Martin 6-3, 4-6, 6-2, 6-3. In the final he'll play world number four Michael Stich of Germany, who beat Czech Karel Novacek 7-5, 6-3, 7-6

Martin was playing in his third Grand Slam semifinal of the year. But he was destroyed by unforced errors, making 60 to Agassi's 16.

Agassi said the blustery winds on stadium court may have contributed to Martin's

"The wind was a factor to my advantage," said Agassi. whose game does not rely on a big serve. "He takes such big chances, it caused a lot of unforced errors on his part.

When the ball is constantly moving around, you've got to be able to adjust to that ball at the last second." he added. "Footwork is the number one key in the wind. I keep telling myself just keep moving your feet and don't go for the lines."

Agassi, who was beaten by Pete Samoras in his only previous trip to the U.S. Open final, in 1990, made only 16 unforced errors, though he did not take advantage of all

of his opportunities, convert-

ing just six of his 14 break points.

hand over the baseline to give Agassi A 5-3 lead. Agassi, who played just 13

tournaments last year be-cause of a wrist injury finally corrected by surgery, would be the first unseeded player since Fred Stolle in 1966 to win the U.S. men's singles title.

On his way to the final he has beaten four seeded players: Third-seeded Sergi Bruguera of Spain, the French Open champion, sixthseeded Michael Chang, 12thseeded South African Wayne Ferreira and number 13 Thomas Musier of Austria.

"This is the greatest feeling points.

In the eighth game he needed four break points bethat I could play these guys.' Stich's victory over Novacek, ranked 56th in the

> pion. He had not moved past the second round in his last four Grand Slam tournaments.

world, was a vindication for the 1991 Wimbledon cham-

Stich also broke something of U.S. Open jinx. The only time he had gotten past the second round here was in 1991, when he lost in the quarterfinals to Ivan Lendi.

He closed out the third-set tie-breaker with his 14th ace of the match.

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'Generations of Yemenis will not forget Jordan's stand during crisis' — Iryani

By P.V. Vivekanand

YEMEN ATTACHES high importance to its relations with Jordan and would like to increase cooperation in various fields with the Kingdom, but problems of transportation is a major factor that Jordanian products. according to Abdul Karim Iryani, the Yemeni plan-

ning minister.
Dr. Iryani also cast doubt on prospects for reviving the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC), which was formed in 1989 grouping Yemen with Jordan, Egypt and Iraq but went dormant in the wake of the Gulf crisis triggered by the August 1990 Iraqi invasion of

Describing Jordanian-Yemeni relations as "more than excellent," Dr. Iryani, in an interview with the Jordan Times, also pain tribute to the Kingdom's stand in support of Yemeni unity during the two-month civil wat that ended in July.

'The tremendous support that Yemen received from Jordan during the attempted secessionist war was number one in the Arab World, said the minister. Jordan and Qatar have been the staunchest supporters of Yemeni unity among all the Arah countries.

"That is a fact that generations of Yemeni people will never forget." he added.

On the economic front. the level of Jordanian-Yemeni telations in terms of "trade and tourists, medical services and all available in Jordan, which are of very high quality, is bigh," Dr. Iryani said. "Yemenis are making very good use of it."

While Yemen would like to expand trade with Jotdan and offer "preferential

said Sunday.

forecaster, explained.

AMMAN (AP) - Pandemo-

nium broke out Sunday at a

State Security Court when

one of 25 suspects on trial for

alleged subversion inter-

rupted the prosecution to re-

tract a confession he had

made during pre-trial inter-

one presiding over the three-

man tribunal, ordered the de-

fendant out of the courtronm

after he defied orders to be

The other defendants be-

gan shouting slngans chal-

lenging the jurisdiction of the

court. Col. Amin promptly

adjourned the two-hour ses-

sion until Monday.

After the uproar, the up-

holstery of several seats in

the dock and in rows of the

audience were found torn.

Court officials could not nail

The defendants are known

as "Arab Afghans." a refer-

ence to their voluntary role in

the 1980-90 Afghan resist-

ance against the Soviet

occupation of that country.

since Aug. 27 in connection

with a series of explosions

and attempted hombings

They have been on trial

down the culprits.

Hafez Amin, an army col-

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The heatwave presently affect-

ing Jordan is expected to persist until Friday

or Saturday, the Meteorological Department

The depression which has caused high

temperatures unusual in Jordan for this time

of year is due to a "seasonal trough" which is

coming from India, moving across Iraq and

Jordan and the surrounding region as far west

as the Eastern Mediterranean and is an

This depression has raised temperatures in

On Sunday the capital registered 34 degrees rades.

Subversion suspects

Suspect retracts confession

create stir in court

into Arabia, a department official said.

products, the "rarity" of shipping links with the Kingdom pose a problem, he noted.

"One of the main obstacles is transportation. which is a very expensive element in trade with Yemen, not only for Jordan hut for practically every country," he said. "Overland transport is not yet possible between Jordan and Yemen and that's another problem," he noted in an implicit reference to Saudi restrictions on transit through Saudi territory.

"However, taking all these constraints into consideration, one must express satisfaction of the level of exchange of goods and services between Ye-men and Jordan," Dr. Iryani added.

No definite figure was immediately available for Jordanian-Yemeni trade. but it was estimated at less than \$30 million in 1993.

Many Jordanian consumer products are exported to Yemen and could be seen in the Sanaa market. But in terms of prices, they do not have a competitive edge, given the dumping of similar items from other countries in the region, particularly Egypt and Turkey.

Askeo how he viewed prospects for a revival of the ACC, Dr. Iryani implicitly criticised Egypt for its announcement last year that it was quitting the council, "The events that took place in the last four years would require a reconsideration of the whole concept, especially after the withdrawal of Egypt under some political pre-

text," he said.
"Once Iraq is telieved from the international economic sanctions, everyone in the world, including Egypt," will want to do husiness with that country, he pointed out.

'Iraq is a very important

Heatwave here to stay for the week

which targeted movie

theatres showing pornog-

raphic films, supermarkets

and liquor stores in 1993 and

in custody. Three, including a

Saudi Arabian and an Oma-

ni, are being tried in absen-

tia. Under standing court

orders, none of the men can

The men, who face the

Prosecutors have pre-

death penalty, have pleaded

sented evidence that home-

made explosives found at the

homes of some of the sus-

pects match those used in the

defendants were involved in a

campaign to cleanse the pre-

dominantly conservative Muslim society here of West-

ern values that contravene

plotting to assassinate Jordanian and Palestinian peace

negotiators and attack Amer-

ican and Israeli interests in

the region to sabotage the U.S.-backed Middle East

They are also accused of

their detonation.

Islamic teachings.

blasts or uncovered before

The prosecution claims the

be identified by name.

Twenty-two defendants are

earlier this year.

innocent.

Valley 40 degrees.

and rich country in terms of the diversity of its resources and perhaps even the richest among the Arab countries," he said. Whether it comes in terms of the | Arab) Cooperation Council or on the bilateral hasis, I think Iraq will be sought by all countries in

and out of the region."
"The question of how to economically cooperate with the Iraqi government and the Iraqi people is an issue of every individual government to decide upon," the minister said.
"It is only natural that Yemen will also seek cooperation, but it does not mean that the only way to cooperate is the ACC.

"So the lifting of the sanctions, the timing of the lifting and the conditions under which Iraq comes up will play a determining role in economic cooperation between Iraq and any other country, including Yemen, Jordan, Egypt and others.

Apart from Jordan, Yemen is the only other Arah country where Iraqis are allowed free entry. Thousands of Iragis live and work in Yemen and many Iraqi businessmen have made Yemen their

According to other highly-placed Yemeni sources and diplomats, Iragis and Jordanians are given special treatment in Yemen, which mostly continues to abide by the relaxations offered under resolutions adopted by the

"In fact, the Jordanian and Iraqi diplomatic missions in Sanaa have the stronger influence in the Yemeni government among all Arab countries,'

(Continued on page 7)

The writer, a member of the Jordan Times staff, has just returned after a visit to the Republic of Yemen.

carro, Egypt

MIGRANTS' RIGHTS: Yenny Hurtado (left) from the confederation of Latin American, Mayan Villalba (Centre). from the Asian migrant Centre and Patrick Taran from Geneva talk non-Governmental Organisation Forum in Cairo, a conference running parallel to the U.N. sponsored population and development meeting (AFP photo)

Scientists warn of environmental catastrophe, urge diversion of funds

From Mariam M. Shahin in Cairo

destructive effluent is fi-

nite. Its ability to provide food and energy is finite.

Its ability to provide for growing numbers is finite.

And we are fast

approaching many of the earth's limits. Current eco-

nomic practices which dam-

age the environment, in

both developed and under-

developed nations, cannot

be continued without the

risk that vital global sys-tems will he damaged

beyond repair."
"If we are to halt the

destruction of our environ-

ment, we must accept limits

to that growth," the report

to the preparation and con-

duct of war — amounting

to over \$1 trillion annually

the new tasks and should

be diverted to the needed

The Cairo conference is

proposing a series of ac-

tions to be taken in telation

to "population and the en-

A) Measures to eradicate

poverty, with special atten-

tion to income-generation

and employment strategies

directed at the rural poor

and those living within or on the edge of fragile

B) More sustainable re-

source management, the

modification of unsustain-

able consumption and pro-

duction patterns through

economic, legislative and

administrative measures,

also aimed at preventing

crease in populations and

challenges," it says.

vironment."

ecosystems.

They include:

- will he hadly needed in

"Resources now devoted

People and the environment are on a "collision course" and the international community should divert funds dedicated to war and violence towards saving the earth and bumanity, says a special report presented by the Union of Concerned Scientists (UCS) to the U.N. Conference on Population and Development in Cairo.

"Human behaviour" is inflicting "harsh and often irreversible damage" on the environment and depleting important life sustaining resources, says the report, urging expansion of and application of the five points pertaining to the environment in the Cairo Population and Development charter expected to be ratified Tuesday.

If "vast human misery is to be avoided and our human home on this earth is not to be irretrievably mutilated," then immediate action must be taken by the world community. urges the report which was prepared by world te-

nowned scientists. The teport warns that life as the human race knows it may be limited both for humans as well as the plant and animal kingdom if current consumption patterns and environmental practices continue.

The signatories on the UCS teport include 104 scientists who include Nobel laureates and experts from institutes ranging from Brazil to China, including the Pontifical Academy of Sciences, which is the group of scientists which advises

states the report. "Its ability to absorb waste and changes in concentration and distribution of popula-The UCS urges the inter-

national community to go a bit further and take the following simultaneous, 1) Environmentally damaging activities, especially a move away from fossil

fuels, must come to a halt. 2) A more effective harnessing and managing of resources crucial to human welfare and survival must be found and implemented. Efficient use of energy,

water and other materials. including expansion of conservation and recycling must be introduced in all. developing and developed

3) Stabilisation of population, through improved social and economic condi-

4) Reduction and moves towards total elimination of poverty.

5) Equal opportunities among peoples regardless of gender, race, creed, nationality or religious affiliation or physical hand-

Citing developed countries as the most serious offenders in terms of overconsumption and exploitation of natural resources, the teport urges the developed nations to take a lead and reduce their consumption patterns while providing assistance to the developing nations in attaining the above stated

"We all have but one lifeboat," the report warns the developed nations. "No nation can escape from injury when global hiological systems are damaged.

The greatest threat is to leave the downward spiral

unchecked, warns the report. "The greatest peril is to become trapped in spirals of environmental de-cline, poverty and unrest, leading to social, economic and environmental col-

Ozone depletion and the consequent increase in ultra-violet radiation, air pollution near ground level and acid precipitation are all already causing widespread damage to humans, crops and forests. Carbon dioxide releases from fossil fuel burning may alter cli-mate on a global scale. The predictions about global warming are still uncertain with calculated effects ranging from tolerable to

severe. Depletion of finite water resources, baphazard exploitation of surface waters and pollution of rivers, lakes and oceans all limit water resources needed to sustain food production. There are already water shortages in 80 countries which contain 40 per cent of the world's population.

The dumping of toxic, industrial, and other wastes as well as the overproduction and consumption of sea food are threatening the natural equilibrium of the oceans.

As a result of current practices in agriculture and animal husbandry there have been great losses in soil productivity

Since 1945, 11 per cent of the world's vegetated surface has been degraded an area larger than China and India combined. Per capita food production in many parts of the world is decreasing. Forests, tropical temper-

ate as well as rain forests are being destroyed rapidly

(Continued on page 7)

"Although it is unpleasant at the moment," he added, "the humidity will remain at environmental degrada-Pope John Paul on sciennormal levels because the weather track has tific matters. C) Implementation of policies addressing the ecolo-gical implications of the in-"The earth is finite,"

passed over land rather than sea. According to Mr. Batayneh, air quality in Amman will not be noticeably worsened extension of the low pressure currently over because pollution levels here do not reach

Rabbani foes

score a gain

TAKHTASANG, Afghanis-

tan (AFP) - Coalition forces

opposing Afghan President

Burhanuddin Rahbani have

scored a first major victory in

months with the capture of

the strategic northern town of

Khenjan, increasing pressure on besieged Kabul.

the anti-Rabhani forces a sig-

nificant advantage by cutting

off a main supply route to

Kabnl from the border with

already in their control, all

four main access roads to

Kabul are now in the hands

of forcese loyal to Hezb-e-

Islami faction chief and ex-

Premier Gulbuddin Hek-

Although their foes are

now able to tighten a supply

blockade of Kahul ahead of

the winter, Mr. Rahhani's

forces can still rely on airlifts

of vital petrol from Herat

through the Bagram airbase near the capital, while food and other goods have reg-

ularly poured into Kahul

through smuggling from

the Rabbani camp said their

forces had not been defeated

at the district centre of Khen-

ian, but had retreated with-

out loss of personnel or heavy

A senior commander from

Hezb-held areas.

matyar and his allies.

With three other routes

Tajikistan.

Khenjan's capture gives

India, Mohammad Al Batayneh, a weather levels found in other metropolises where discomforture is heightened during hot spells. September normally brings more comfort-Minimum temperatures for the next few able temperatures in Jotdan, typically a max- days were forecast to be: Amman 20; Aqaba imum of 31 degrees Centigrade in Amman. 27 and the Jordan valley 25 degrees Centig-

while Agaba endured 39 and the Jordan

The temperature is likely to increase,

reaching 35 degrees in Amman during the

week and a gradual decline is expected over

the weekend to that more characteristic of the

seasonal average, Mr. Batayneb said.

Iran warns Pakistan over London may accept IRA Sunni Muslim extremism

TEHRAN (Agencies) -Iran's spiritual guide Ayatol-lah Ali Khamenei warned against Sunni Muslim "extremism" in a meeting here Sunday with Pakistani President Farooq Ahmad Leghari.

"There are hidden and destructive hands bent on destroying good relations" between Sunni Muslim Pakistan and Shiite Muslim Iran, he said. "The anti-Shiite Sunni extremists are trying to harm the unity between the two nations.

But Ayatollah Khamenei stressed that Islam had created "deep bonds between the two countries and religious differences can not affect relations."

Tehran is concerned at security problems in the region posed by what it sees as extremist Sunni groups based in Pakistan. One of these groups, the

Sahaba army, has been ac-cused here of "terrorist" activities inside Iran, notably in the southeastern province of Sistan va Baluchestan bordering Pakistan. The parliamentary speak-

er, Ali Akbar Nateq Nuri, warned in July against an "ethnic war" between the Shiites and the Sunnis in Pakistan and called on Islamabad to fight Sunni "ex-

Tehran has also condemned attacks by the group on Pakistan's Shiite community. Mr. Leghari, who arrived Saturday for a three-day offi-

cial visit, also warned against the rise of sectarianism in Pakistan and called for cooperation with Iran to fight it, according to the official Iranian news agency IRNA.

In a speech to the Iranian parliament on Sunday, the Pakistani president called for "close and friendly relations with Iran in all domains." The president also urged Iran to use its influence to

help achieve selfdetermination for the people of Kashmir, India's only Muslim-majority state, where thousands have died in a separatist campaign since In response, the speaker of

parliament called for a political settlement to the conflict. "Nothing will be solved through war and hloodshed. We will have to find a peaceful solution." he said.

Iran and Pakistan on Sunday also discussed the possible transfer of Iranian natural gas through Pakistan and the building of a refinery there, IRNA reported. It said Leghari called at

talks with President Akhar Hashemi Rafsanjani for the transfer of Iranian natural gas to India through Pakistan. Mr. Rafsanjani at the talks said Iran and Pakistan had the potential to further expand their mutual ties and that plans had been agreed for the construction of a refinery by Iran in Pakistan as a joint venture, IRNA added. future of Northern Ireland.

ceasefire as permanent

LONDON (Agencies) -British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd said Sunday that London was moving towards accepting the Irish Republican Army (IRA) ceasefire as permanent, nearly two weeks after the IRA announced a "complete cessation" of violence.

"There's been progress in the right direction, even in the last few days," Mr. Hurd The IRA ceasefire took

effect on September 1. Speaking to the BBC from the German resort of Usedom, where he was meeting with other European Union (EU) foreign ministers, Mr. Hurd said London remained "caurious" and was still waiting for "words and deeds" from the nationalists before accepting the ceasefire was

But he stressed the IRA, which draws its strength from the province's Roman Catholic community, did not necessarily have to pronounce the word "permanent."

The British government was following the situation "day by day," but "we have to be cautious about the tim-

ing," he said.
The December 1993 Downing Street declaration by the British and Irish gov-ernment made a permanent three-month IRA ceasefire a basic condition for allowing the IRA's political wing, Sinn Fein, to join in talks on the

Duhlin and Washington have already accepted that the ceasefire is intended as permanent but London, acutely aware of the need not to alienate Northern Ireland's deeply sceptical and pro-British Protestant community, has appealed to the Republicans to give prore evidence of their intertions.

Questioned on the same BBC programme, Irish Fore-ign Minister Dick Spring said that the complete lack of IRA violence in the province since Sept. 1 was "an indica-tion that the Irish government's interpretation of the situation is the correct one.'

"I hope that as every day goes by without violence in Northern Ireland that both governments can come to the same solution," he said. Mr. Hurd and Mr. Spring

urged the EU to increase aid for Northern Ireland in support of their bid to bring a lasting peace settlement to the region.
Mr. Hurd and Mr. Spring

met at the EU foreign ministers meeting. The two later urged their EU colleagues to provide more development aid for Ulster. Mr. Spring called the IRA

agreement to halt its campaign against British rule of Northern Ireland "a historic new departure."

"Material support will be needed for the (economic) regeneration" of Ulster, Mr. Spring said in an address to EU ministers.

Hersive threatens Sudi

Arrests made in Tiffany jewej robbery

NEW YORK (R) - TR

fany's security supervisor

fany's security supervisor who police said planned daring \$1.9 million robber from the famous jewely store—and one of the store guards were among six perple arrested in the case. For men, including the supervisor of the store's security guard and one of his staff, were charged Saturday with carrying out the raid at the famous Manhattan store police said at a news conference. The other two men ence. The other two means connections of stolen property after police. recovered two bracelets and five rings from last Sunday's robbery. Police acted after t telephone tip that stolen gems were being hawked on Manhattan Streets at low prices. New York City Asse tant Police Chief John Hill said the security guard super-visor, Scott Jackson, aged 51 planned the rohbery. A large portion of the stolen jewely was turned over to anthor ities by the fourth suspent who turned himself in to police late Saturday, a police spokesman said. "We won't know if most of the jewely has been recovered until Til fany does an inventory," he said. Mr. Hill said police gor a telephone tip that a man was pawning Tiffany rings near the Manhattan diamond and jewelry district "and sel. ing them at very, very reduced prices." The robber was professionally planned but like all plans, it were awry," he added. Police said after the robbery that the suspected an inside job because the thieves avoided jewelry case that was alarmed and knew about a videotape surveillence camera, taking the tape with them when they

'Sewer rat' MPs raise a stink

WELLINGTON (AFP) -.

Suggesting a member of New ---Zealand's parliament is using "sewer tactics" is alright, but call one a "sewer rat" and expect trouble. Parliamentary clerk David McGee, told the Evening Post here Saturday there used to be a list of unparliamentary terms, but if has not been used for about 20 years. The best guide now is to refer to various speaker's rulings. The speaker's ruling have banned "sewer rat" as a way of referring to a fellow MP but "sewer tactics" got approval. One can be accused of "hlantantly uitrue" comments, but not "de-"cheating" is out of line.

Also out of order is the accusation of "Quislingite treacherous behaviour," -2 reference to the Norwegian traitor of World War IL Opposition MP Chris Carter was ordered out of the debat ing chamber for refusing to withdraw his claim that Minister of Tourism John Banks was a hypocrite. La ter, Mr. Carter said he found it strange he could not call Mr. Banks a hypocrite, but it [was apparently okay to suf gest he was a wanker. Also used at least once in debate but now outlawed, are calling another MP a "preaching in-tle toad," a "silly, silly little twit," "mentally unba lanced" and "like the back bone of a jellyfish."

Duchess of York sought \$5m for royal novels

LONDON (AFP) - The

Duchess of York, estranged wife of Britain's Prince Andrew, tried to sell two novels "on a royal theme" to U.S. publishers for \$5 mil lion, but was told they would not be worth a tenth tie price, the Sunday Times reported. The paper said the proposition was heing hawked on her behalf by John Bryan, with whom she was photographed in conpromising pose in south of France two years ago, but the only serious offer he could obtain was of \$400,000 "for a series of two or three mystery novels." The report said the duchess, the former Sarah Ferguson, had sacked Mr. Bryan and appointed a new literary agent but had still been unsuccessful. It quoted a New York publisher as saying, "I suspect she had vastly high expectations of her own worth. Even if she wanted to write ner auto biography it is unlikely that anyone would pay her mich more than \$500,000."

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